

Preface for the Special Issue "Geology, Geodynamics and Mineral Resources of SE Asia". Insights from GeoSEA XV Congress, Hanoi, 2018

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Journal Pre-proofs

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	Journal Pre-proofs
1	Preface for the Special Issue "Geology, Geodynamics and Mineral Resources of
2	SE Asia". Insights from GeoSEA XV Congress, Hanoi, 2018
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13	
14	SE Asia is an assembly of Gondwana-derived crustal blocks, and an important piece
15	for the geodynamic understanding of the Asian continent. Since the Phanerozoic, this area
16	experienced several significant geodynamic events. The separation of many continents and
17	microcontinents from Gondwana through rifting lead to the opening of oceanic domains.
18	The closure of these oceanic basins and the subsequent continental collision is attested by
19	subduction related magmatism, accretionary complexes, high-pressure and high-
20	temperature metamorphisms, crustal melting and magmatism including volcanism and
21	plutonism. The Mesozoic tectono-magmatism, the Cenozoic intracontinental tectonics
22	related to the India collision, and the recent magmatism and tectonics are also significant
23	events recognized in SE Asia. These geodynamic events represent the general framework for
24	the numerous ore deposits recognized in the area.

	Journal Pre-proofs
25	Since several years, the geological knowledge of SE Asia underwent great advances in
26	many fields of Earth Sciences, including detailed mapping, magmatic and metamorphic
27	petrology, geochronology, structural analysis. This Special Issue of the Journal of Asian Earth
28	Sciences aims at providing some of the new results in stratigraphy, paleogeographic
29	reconstructions, magmatic and metamorphic petrology, geochronology, geochemistry,
30	mineral resources, tectonics, geophysics, and geodynamic reconstructions. Most of these
31	contributions were firstly presented during the GeoSEA XV International congress held in
32	Hanoi in October 2018. Both detailed contributions and large syntheses dealing with the
33	Indochina block, and its relationships with neighboring blocks such as South China, Sibumasu
34	and Philippines Mobile Belt are provided in this volume (Fig. 1).
35	Tran et al. present a wide synthesis of the Neoproterozoic to Early Triassic evolution
36	of the Indochina block. Among many new results, the authors clearly emphasize the
37	distinction between the two main orogenic events of SE Asia. The Early to Middle Triassic
38	Indosinian orogeny resulted from the south-directed oceanic subduction of a branch of the
39	Paleotethys, followed by continental collision of the South China block below Indochina. The
40	Trans-Mekong orogeny, a possible equivalent of the Cimmerian orogeny described more to
41	the west in Central Asia, was related to the collision of the Sibumasu block with Indochina
42	after the closure of another branch of the Paleotethys. In spite of numerous previous works,
43	the Kon Tum massif, in the central part of Indochina block, received attention by Owada et
44	al., and Bui et al. that document the timing of magmatic and metamorphic events using
45	zircon and monazite geochronology. The detailed stratigraphic, sedimentological, and
46	structural analyses of the Triassic formations in the Truong Son belt and Sam Nua basins
47	provided by Villeneuve et al. bring new and important insights on the Triassic collision
48	between Indochina and South China blocks.

49	Journal Pre-proofs The geology and metallogeny of the Sibumasu block are addressed in the Singapore
50	area by Dodd et al., Gillespie et al., and Leslie et al. Up to date sedimentary,
51	lithostratigraphic, petrologic and structural information is now widely accessible for this
52	area. Kanajapayont et al. emphasize the importance of inherited zircons, and clarified the
53	Triassic age of the granites and gneiss related to the collision of the Sibumasu block with
54	Indochina in Thailand. During the pre-collision stage, the oceanic subduction gave rise to a
55	magmatic arc coeval with volcanic-hosted massive sulfide deposits. Basori et al.
56	documented the mineralogic and geochemical variations of the paragenetic succession, and
57	microthermometric evidence for the formation of Permian VHMS Tasik Chini ore deposits of
58	central Peninsular Malaysia.
59	It is also well acknowledged that after its Mesozoic integration to Asia, Indochina,
60	and more widely Sundaland, experienced an important reworking as a consequence of the
61	India collision. Nguyen and Luong present a detailed microtectonic analysis of the brittle
62	deformation observed in south central Vietnam that allowed them to reconstruct the
63	paleostress regime that affected eastern Indochina from Oligocene to present, and to
64	decipher the role played by the far-field effect of the Indian collision and Sunda subduction.
65	Recent tectonics have also important bearings for applied geology. A multidisciplinary
66	approach using field structural geology, seismic profiles, GPS velocity record was carried out
67	by Nguyen V. H. et al. to derive the present strain rate in the Ninh Thuan nuclear plant and
68	surrounding regions. The Pleistocene activity of SE Asia is also represented by an intraplate
69	volcanism such as the alkaline and tholeiitic basalts of the Krông Nô area of South Vietnam
70	that are petrologically and geochemically analyzed by Hoang et al.
71	From Kamchatka to East Indonesia, the Eurasian margin is bounded by several island
72	arcs. The Philippines archipelago exposes many ophiolitic belts. The Pujada ophiolite, in SE

73 Mindanao, provides a unique opportunity to elucidate the tectono-magmatic evolution of 74 the Molucca sea Collision Complex. Olfindo et al. document the late Cretaceous age, and the 75 back-arc setting of this ophiolite that belonged to the proto-Molucca lithosphere between 76 the Halmahera and Sangihe arcs. More to the North, in NW Luzon, Pasco et al. show that the 77 Dos Hermanos ophiolitic mélange is comparable to the Zambales ophiolite of Western 78 Luzon. Both ophiolitic suites record the complex convergence and emplacement history of a 79 paleo-oceanic lithosphere upon the Philippines Mobile Belt. The intense tectonic and 80 magmatic activities along the Philippines Mobile Belt represent highly favorable conditions 81 for the genesis of epithermal gold and porphyry copper deposits. The petrological and geochemical similarities between the Baguio and Pacific Cordillera ore districts in Luzon and 82 83 East Mindanao, respectively are reviewed by Yumul et al. They emphasize the high potential 84 of metallic resources waiting to be discovered in the Philippines. The petrographic, 85 geochemical, and geochronological data from the Poboya and Sassak gold-copper districts in 86 Western Sulawesi of Indonesia provided by Maulana et al., allow the authors to discuss the 87 mineralizing processes of this Mio-Pliocene ore district in relation with the central and 88 northern parts of Western Sulawesi. Kyi Khin et al. provided the geology setting, structural 89 and lithostratigraphic framework of the Rakhine Coastal Ranges in western Myanmar and its 90 implications for the collision of the India Plate and the West Myanmar Block.

91

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176	Yumul G. P. Ir. Dimalanta C. Gabo-Ratio, I.A. Armada, I.T. Queano, K.L. Jabagat, K.D.
177	2020 Mineralization parameters and exploration targeting for gold-conner denosits in the
178	Baguio (Luzon) and Pacific cordillera (Mindanao) mineral districts. Philippines: a review
179	Asian Farth Sci. 191, 104232
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181	Figure Captions
182	Fig. 1. Tectonic map of Asia showing the main continental blocks involved in the continental
183	assembly. Emphasis is placed on the Indochina-Simao-North Qiantang block, Sibumasu-
184	South Qiangtang, and South China Block (SCB) with their tectonic boundaries. Namely, the

- 185 Early-Middle Triassic Indosinian belt, and Late Triassic-Early Jurassic Trans-Mekong
- 186 (Cimmerian) belt. RRF=Red River Fault. SF=Sagaing Fault.



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195	Suggested order of papers in the volume
196	
197	1. Tran et al.
198	Neoproterozoic-Early Triassic tectono-stratigraphic evolution of Indochina and adjacent areas: a review
199	and new data
200	
201	2. Owada et al.
202	Timing of magmatism and ultrahigh- to high-grade metamorphism in the Kannak Complex, Kon Tum
203	Massif, Vietnam: Magmatic activity and its tectonic implications
204	
205	3. Bui et al
206	Timing of high-grade metamorphism in the Kontum Massif, Vietnam: constraints from zircon-monazite
207	multi-geochronology and trace elements geochemistry of zircon-monazite-garnet
208	
209	4. Villeneuve et al.
210	New insights into the Triassic sedimentary environment of the eastern parts of the Song Da and Sam
211	Nua basins alongside the Indosinian Song Ma suture, Northern Vietnam
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213	5. Dodd et al. Release is to Concession and incontents had weak as a large and lith estruction where of
214 215	Singenere
215	Singapore
210	6. Cillespie et al
217 218	The ignorus rocks of Singapore: New insights to Palaeozoic and Mesozoic
210	assembly of the Sukhothai Arc
220	assembly of the Sukhothar Arc
221	7 Leslie et al
222	Ductile and brittle deformation in Singapore: A record of Mesozoic orogeny
223	and amalgamation in Sundaland, and of post-orogenic faulting
224	
225	8. Kanjanapayont et al.
226	Dating multiple generation of zircons from granites and gneiss from Thailand: Implication for the crustal
227	evolution of the Sibumasu terrane
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229	9. Basori et al.
230	Petrography and geochemistry of exhalites associated with the Permian VHMS deposits at Tasik Chini
231	district, Central Belt of Peninsular Malaysia
232	
233	10. Nguyen V.V. and Luong
234	Cenozoic paleostress evolution in south central Vietnam: Implication for changing dynamics of faulting
235	along the eastern Indochina continental margin
236	
237	11. Nguyen V. H. et al.
238	Recent tectonics, geodynamics and seismotectonics for the site selection of the Ninh Thuan Nuclear
239	Power plants, South Vietnam
240	
241	12. Hoang N., et al.
242	Pleistocene basaltic volcanism in the Krong No area and vicinity, Dac Nong Province (Vietnam)
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245 7 <i>16</i>	retrographic and geochemical characterization of the crustal section of the Pujada Uphiolite,
240 217	Southeastern Windanao, Philippines: Insignts to the tectonic evolution of the northern Wolucca Sea
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- 250 14. Pasco et al.
- Petrogenesis of ultramafic-mafic clasts in the Dos Hermanos Mélange, Ilocos Norte: Insights to the
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- 253
- **254** 15. Yumul et al.
- 255 Mineralization parameters and exploration targeting for gold-copper deposits in the Baguio (Luzon) and 256 Pacific cordillera (Mindanao) mineral districts, Philippines: a review
- 257
- 258 16. Maulana et al.
- 259 Petrogenesis and Geochronology of intrusive rocks associated with gold and copper mineralization in
- 260 Western Sulawesi, Indonesia
- 261
- 262 17. Khin et al.
- 263 Geology, structure and lithostratigraphic framework of the Rakhine Coastal Ranges in western
- 264 Myanmar: implications for the collision of the India Plate and West Myanmar Block. J. Asian Earth Sci.
- 265 **194, 104332**