

Thermal Radiative Properties of Bardarbunga Basalts: Importance of Emissivity in Magma Rheology and Volcanic Hazard.

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Thermal Radiative Properties of Bardarbunga Basalts: Importance of Emissivity in Magma Rheology and Volcanic Hazard

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V23A-04 - Properties of magmas- 14 December 2021

AGU FALL MEETING



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FALL MEETING

PhD student at ISTO, University of Orléans - Orléans, France

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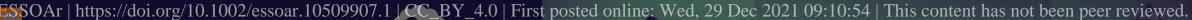














TEMPERATURE - KEY PARAMETER TO UNDERSTAND LAVA FLOW<u>RHEOLOGY</u>

Lava flow T retrieved by remote sensing (RS) depends on spectral emissivity (ϵ).

e poorly known: considered constant or retrieved at RT

Only few studies of ε at relevant magmatic conditions:

• Limited T range (<Tg) / spectral range (TIR) / composition (synthetic)

High Temperature and broad spectral range ε data are necessary!

Holuhraun, Bardarbunga volcano (2014-2015, Iceland, credit: IMO)

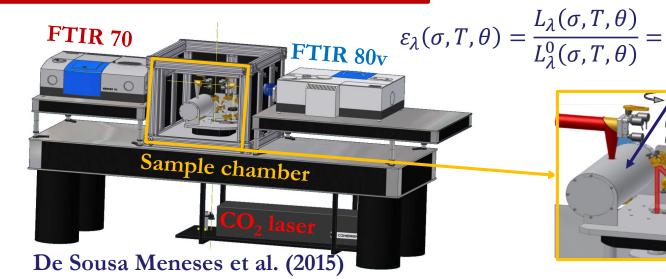
1.5 mm

Sample

BB



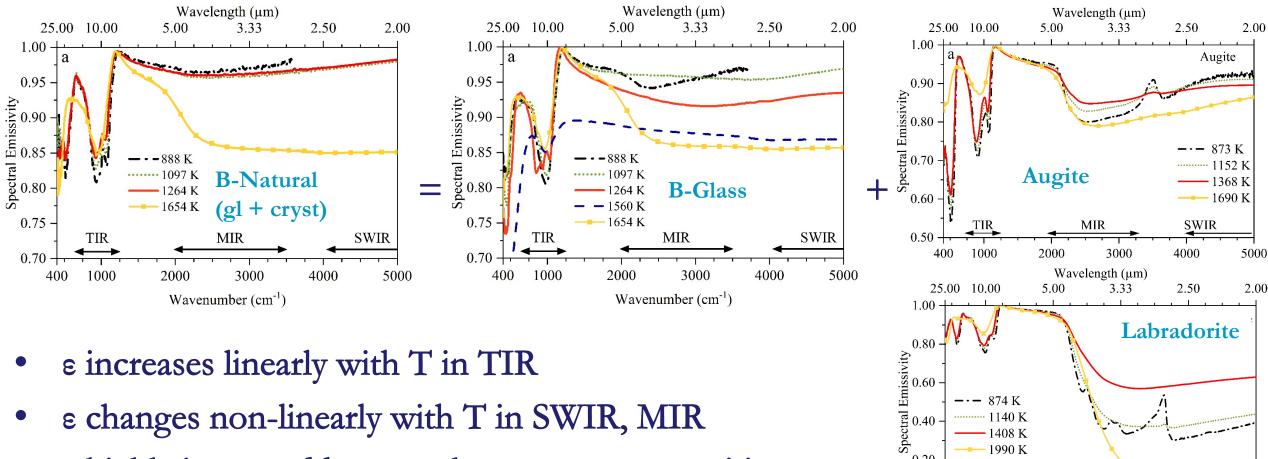
In situ measurements of ε with FTIR spectrometers up to 1800 K, in SWIR-MIR-TIR



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BEHAVIOR OF BASALT WITH CRYSTALS **SPEC**



ε highly impacted by crystals content, composition

Wavenumber (cm⁻¹)

3000

SWIR

4000

5000

MIR

2000

— 1990 K

TIR

1000

а

400

0.20

0.00

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IMPLICATION

Andújar and Scalliet (2012)

- ε behavior is highly complex
 - depends on λ , T, composition, and crystal content

Better constrain on surface radiance

• Refine T by ~50 degrees with RS

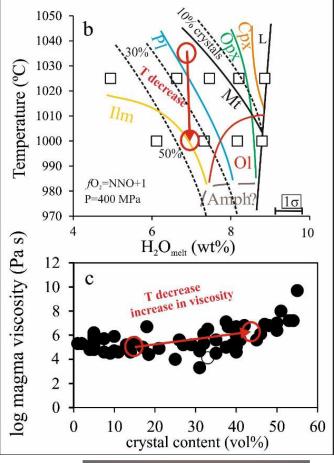
More appropriate rheological evolution

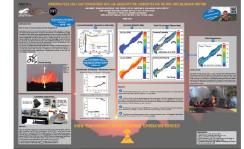
• lava flow behavior: from liquidus to subsolidus

Reduce uncertainty in lava flow modeling

• improve hazard assessment

Poster Hall D-F: Improving field lava flow temperatures with lab-based spectral emissivities for the 2014–2015 Holuhraun eruption, J. Biren et al., *NH25A-0528, Advances in modelling for natural hazards and risk.* 16:00–18:00





THANKYOU

Looking for a postdoc fellow? jonas.biren@cnrs-orleans.fr

https://www.researchgate.net/profile/Jonas_Biren





