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## The HARPS search for southern extra-solar planets

### XXXIII. Super-Earths around the M-dwarf neighbors GI 433 and GI 667C<sup>\*,\*\*</sup>

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#### ABSTRACT

*Context.* M dwarfs have often been found to have super-Earth planets with short orbital periods. These stars are thus preferential targets in searches for rocky or ocean planets in the solar neighborhood.

*Aims.* Our research group recently announced the discovery of one and two low-mass planets around the M1.5V stars GI 433 and GI 667C, respectively. We found these planets with the HARPS spectrograph on the ESO 3.6-m telescope at La Silla Observatory, from observations obtained during the guaranteed time observing program of that instrument.

*Methods.* We obtained additional HARPS observations of those two stars, for a total of 67 and 179 radial velocity measurements for Gl 433 and Gl 667C, respectively, and present here an orbital analysis of these extended data sets and our main conclusions about both planetary systems.

**Results.** One of the three planets, Gl 667Cc, has a mass of only  $M_2 \sin i \sim 4.25 M_{\oplus}$  and orbits in the central habitable zone of its host star. It receives only 10% less stellar energy from Gl 667C than the Earth receives from the Sun. However, planet evolution in the habitable zone can be very different if the host star is a M dwarf or a solar-like star, without necessarily questioning the presence of water. The two other planets, Gl 433b and Gl 667Cb, both have  $M_2 \sin i$  of ~5.5  $M_{\oplus}$  and periods of ~7 days. The radial velocity measurements of both stars contain longer timescale signals, which we fit with longer period Keplerians. For Gl 433, the signal probably originates in a magnetic cycle, while data of longer time span will be needed before conclusive results can be obtained for Gl 667C. The metallicity of Gl 433 is close to solar, while Gl 667C is metal poor with [Fe/H] ~ -0.6. This reinforces the recent conclusion that the occurrence of super-Earth planets does not strongly correlate with the stellar metallicity.

Key words. techniques: radial velocities - planets and satellites: detection - stars: late-type

#### 1. Introduction

Much interest has recently focused on planets around M dwarfs, with three main motivations: constraining formation, constraining the physico-chemistry of planets, and finding rocky planets in the habitable zones of their stars. The occurrence frequency of planets, as a function of central stellar mass, probes the sensitivity of planetary formation to its initial conditions. Giant planets are rare around M dwarfs, with Bonfils et al. (2013), for instance, finding a low frequency of  $6^{+6}_{-2}\%$  for periods shorter than 10 000 days. This number is lower than the 10 ± 2% frequency for similar planets around solar-like stars (e.g. Mayor et al. 2011), but does not have a high significance level. In contrast, super-Earths (2–10  $M_{\oplus}$ ) seem abundant around M dwarfs

\*\* Appendix A is available in electronic form at

http://www.aanda.org

with short orbital periods to which radial velocity searches are most sensitive: Bonfils et al. (2013) find an occurrence rate of  $88^{+55}_{-19}\%$  for P < 100 days, to be compared to ~50% for similar planets around G dwarfs.

The physical conditions in the circumstellar disks of very low-mass stars therefore favor the formation of low-mass planets (rocky and maybe ocean planets) close to the star. This translates into good odds for finding telluric planets transiting M dwarfs (similar to those announced by Muirhead et al. 2012). These transiting planets are excellent atmospheric-characterization targets: since transit depth scales with the squared stellar radius, a transit across an M dwarf provides much more accurate measurements of radius and transmission spectrum than across a solar-type star.

Finding rocky planets in the habitable zone (HZ) of their stars is another motivation for planet searches around M dwarfs. Planets of given mass and orbital separation induce larger stellar radial-velocity variations around lower mass stars, but, more importantly, the low luminosities of M dwarfs move their habitable

<sup>\*</sup> Based on observations collected with HARPS instrument on the 3.6-m telescope at La Silla Observatory (European Southern Observatory) under programs ID072.C-0488(E).

zone much nearer to the star. These two effects combine and a habitable planet around a  $0.3-M_{\odot}$  M dwarf produces a seven times larger radial-velocity wobble than the same planet orbiting a solar-mass G dwarf. Additionally, some atmospheric models suggest additional advantages of planets in the HZ of M dwarfs for habitability characterization: Segura et al. (2005) find that the significant dependence of atmospheric photochemistry on the incoming spectral energy distribution strongly reinforces some biomarkers in the spectra of Earth-twin planets orbiting M dwarfs. In particular N<sub>2</sub>O and CH<sub>3</sub>Cl would be detectable for Earth-twin planets around M dwarfs but not around solar-type stars.

As discussed in Bonfils et al. (2013), which provides a full description of our survey, we have been monitoring the radial velocities (RVs) of a distance and magnitude-limited sample of 102 M dwarfs since 2003 with the HARPS spectrograph mounted on the ESO/3.6-m La Silla telescope. With a typical RV accuracy of 1-3 m/s and 460 h of observations, our survey has identified super-Earth and Neptune-like planets around Gl 176 (Forveille et al. 2009), Gl 581 (Bonfils et al. 2005b; Udry et al. 2007; Mayor et al. 2009) and Gl 674 (Bonfils et al. 2007). In Bonfils et al. (2013), which was centered on the statistical implications of the survey for planet populations, we added to this list one planet around Gl 433 and two around Gl 667C, providing detailed periodograms and a false alarm probability in using our GTO/HARPS data. Anglada-Escudé et al. (2012) announced the confirmation of the planets Gl 667Cb and Gl 667Cc, which however was only partly independent, since it largely rests on our Bonfils et al. (2013) observations and data reduction.

Here we present a more detailed orbital analysis of these two systems than we could present in Bonfils et al. (2013), and refine their parameters by adding new seasons of RV measurements. The three super-Earths have  $M_2 \sin i$  between 4.25 and 5.8  $M_{\oplus}$ . With periods of ~7 days, both Gl433b and Gl667Cb are hot super-Earths. In contrast, Gl667Cc has a 28-day period. It orbits in the center of the habitable zone of its star, and receives only 10% less stellar energy than the Earth receives from the Sun. We also detect some longer-period RV variations, which we also discuss.

The term of super-Earth is used in this paper (and commonly in many others) to define a planet's mass range (2-10  $M_{\oplus}$ ), which does not necessarily correspond to a structure similar to that of Earth. Transit observations, coupled with RV measurements, determine a large range of possible densities for planets of these masses, from  $\rho \ge 6 \text{ g/cm}^{-3}$  typical of rocky planets (such as CoRoT-7b and Kepler-10b; Léger et al. 2009; Queloz et al. 2009; Batalha et al. 2011) to  $\rho \le 1$  g/cm<sup>-3</sup> typical of planets with envelopes of light gases (such as Kepler-11f, Lissauer et al. 2011) and including intermediate density values coherent with a mini-Neptune or ocean planet (for example GJ1214b or 55Cnc-e; Charbonneau et al. 2009; Winn et al. 2011; Demory et al. 2011). Therefore, numerous planetary structures coexist in the planet's mass domain currently referred to as super-Earths. The first determination of the ratio of each of them (which can depend on numerous parameters such as separation - e.g. temperature - and stellar mass) is very preliminary and indicates an occurrence rate of 40% rocky planets for P < 50 days and  $1 < M_{\rm P} < 17 M_{\oplus}$  (Wolfgang & Laughlin 2012).

The next section discusses our data taking and analysis, while Sect. 3 summarizes the stellar characteristics of Gl 433 and Gl 667C. Sections 4 and 5 present our orbital analyses of the planetary systems of Gl 433 and Gl 667C, respectively. Section 6 discusses the habitable zones of M dwarfs, with emphasis on the case of Gl 667Cc. Finally, Sect. 7 summarizes our conclusions.

#### 2. Spectroscopic and Doppler measurements with HARPS

Our observing procedure was presented in some detail in Bonfils et al. (2013) and is only summarized here. For both stars, we obtained 15 min exposures with the High Accuracy Radial velocity Planets Searcher spectrograph (HARPS; Mayor et al. 2003), which is a fixed-format echelle spectrograph covering the 380 nm to 630 nm spectral range with a resolving power of 115000. The spectrograph is fed by a pair of fibres and optimized for high accuracy RV measurements, with a stability better than 1 m/s during one night. To avoid light pollution in the stellar spectra of our "faint" M-dwarf targets, we chose to keep the calibration fiber of the spectrograph dark. Our RV accuracy is therefore intrinsically limited by the instrumental stability of HARPS. That stability is however excellent and the signal-to-noise ratio (S/N) of our 15 min exposures of these two  $V \sim 10$  M dwarfs limits the RV precision to slightly above 1 m/s (the median S/N per pixel at 550 nm is 57 and 65, respectively, for Gl 433 and Gl 667C). Sections 4 and 5 discuss the number of exposures and their time span for the two stars.

For homogeneity, we reprocessed all spectra with the latest version of the standard HARPS pipeline. The pipeline (Lovis & Pepe 2007) uses a nightly set of calibration exposures to locate the orders, flat-field the spectra (Tungsten lamp illumination), and precisely determine the wavelength-calibration scale (ThAr lamp exposure). We measured the RV through cross-correlation of the stellar spectra with a numerical weighted mask, following the procedure of Pepe et al. (2002). For both Gl 433 and Gl667C, we used a mask derived from a very high S/N spectrum of a M2 dwarf. The velocities of Gl 433 and Gl 667C have internal median errors of respectively 1.15 and 1.30 m/s. This includes the uncertainty in the nightly zero-point calibration, the drift and jitter of the wavelength scale during a night, and the photon noise (the dominant term here).

Because both stars have significant proper motion, the projection of their velocity vector changes over the duration of our survey. We subtracted this secular acceleration (see Kürster et al. 2003, for details) before a RV analysis. For Gl 433 and Gl 667C, the values are respectively 0.15 and 0.21 m/s/yr.

#### 3. Stellar characteristics of GI 433 and GI 667C

Both Gl 433 (LHS 2429) and Gl 667C are early-M dwarfs in the close solar neighborhood. Table 1 summarizes their properties. The masses were computed from the *K*-band absolute magnitudes using the Delfosse et al. (2000) empirical near-infrared mass-luminosity relation. The bolometric correction of Gl 433, and then its luminosity, was computed from the I - K color using the cubic polynomial of Leggett et al. (2000). Those authors directly determined the luminosity of Gl 667C using a combination of flux-calibrated observed spectra and synthetic spectra, and we adopt their value.

#### 3.1. GI 433: Metallicity, activity, and dynamic population

According to the photometric calibration relation of Bonfils et al. (2005a), we estimated the metallicity of Gl 433 to be  $[Fe/H] \sim -0.2$ . This relation is based on a few stars with quite high metallicities, but Neves et al. (2012) show that for such value of [Fe/H] the calibration is correct with a typical dispersion of 0.2 dex. This is confirmed by the value of [Fe/H] = -0.13 obtained when using the Neves et al. (2012) relationship, itself

Table 1. Observed and inferred stellar parameters for Gl 433 andGl 667C.

Gl 433	Gl 667C
M 1.5	M 1.5
9.79	10.22
$6.47 \pm 0.02$	$6.85 \pm 0.02$
$5.86 \pm 0.04$	$6.32 \pm 0.04$
$5.62 \pm 0.02$	$6.03 \pm 0.02$
$110.6 \pm 1.8^{(3)}$	$138.2 \pm 0.7^{(4)}$
0.48	0.33
0.034	0.014
-0.22	-0.55
3600	3600
<-4.8	-5.14
	$\begin{array}{c} Gl433\\ M1.5\\ 9.79\\ 6.47\pm0.02\\ 5.86\pm0.04\\ 5.62\pm0.02\\ 110.6\pm1.8^{(3)}\\ 0.48\\ 0.034\\ -0.22\\ 3600\\ <\!-\!4.8 \end{array}$

**References.** (1) Hawley et al. (1996); (2) Cutri et al. (2003); (3) Perryman et al. (1997); (4) Söderhjelm (1999); (5) from mass–luminosity relation of Delfosse et al. (2000); (6) Leggett et al. (2000); (7) from luminosity–color relation of Bonfils et al. (2005a); (8) Morales et al. (2008); (9) from Schmitt et al. (1995) for Gl 433 and from Schmitt & Liefke (2004) for Gl 667C.



**Fig. 1.** Emission reversal in the Ca II H line in the average spectra of (from the less to the more active) Gl 581 (M3, in magenta), Gl 667C (M1.5, in pink), Gl 433 (M1.5, in yellow), Gl 176 (M2.5, dark), and Gl 674 (M3, in blue). Within our 100 M dwarf sample, Gl 581 has one of the weakest Ca II emission and illustrates a very quiet M dwarf. Gl 674 and Gl 176 have much stronger emission and are both moderately active with an identified rotational period of respectively 35 and 39 days (Bonfils et al. 2007; Forveille et al. 2009).

an update of that from Schlaufman & Laughlin (2010). We conclude that Gl 433 is either solar or slightly sub-metallic.

Gl 433 is dynamically classified as a member of the old disk (Leggett 1992). Ca II H and K chromospheric emission is determined by Rauscher & Marcy (2006) and Gl 433 is in the least active half of M dwarfs of the same luminosity. For objects of similar spectral type, a direct comparison of Ca II emission lines gives the relative estimation of the rotational period (larger Ca II emissions correspond to shorter rotational periods). In Fig. 1, we present an average HARPS spectrum of Gl 433 in the region of the Ca II H line. Gl 433 has slightly stronger Ca II emission than Gl 581 (a very quite M dwarf), but far weaker than those of Gl 176 and Gl 674, whose rotational periods of 35 and 39 days were determined by Bonfils et al. (2007) and Forveille et al. (2009), respectively. The five M dwarfs of the Fig. 1 do not have identical spectral types (from M 1.5 to M 3), therefore the estimation of their rotation from the Ca II emission is only illustrative and shows that Gl 433 rotates most probably with a period longer than Gl 176 and Gl 674.

The X-ray flux of Gl 433 was not detected by ROSAT and we used a ROSAT limiting sensitivity of  $2.5 \times 10^{27} [d/10 \text{ pc}]^2 \text{ erg/s}$  (Schmitt et al. 1995) to estimate  $R_X = \text{Log } L_X/L_{\text{BOL}} < -4.8$ . For an M dwarf of ~0.5  $M_{\odot}$ , the  $R_X$  versus rotation period relation of Kiraga & Stepien (2007) give  $P_{\text{rot}} > 40$  days for such a level of X-ray flux. This lower limit to the rotation period is consistent with the estimate from the Ca II emission.

# 3.2. GI 667C: Multiplicity, metallicity, activity and dynamic population

Gl 667C is the lightest and isolated component of a hierarchical triple system, the two other components being a closest couple of K dwarfs. Gl 667AB has a projected separation of 1.82", a period of 42.15 years, and a total dynamically determined mass of 1.27  $M_{\odot}$  (Söderhjelm 1999). Gl 667C is at a projected distance of 32.4" of Gl 667AB, giving an expected semi-major axis of ~300 AU (for a distance of 7.23 pc and a factor of 1.26 between the expected and projected semi-major axis, Fischer & Marcy 1992).

The Bonfils et al. (2005a) photometric relationship for Gl667C gives us an estimate of the metallicity of -0.55 dex, which agrees quite well with the spectroscopic determination of [Fe/H] ~ -0.6 for the primary (Perrin et al. 1988; Zakhozhaj & Shaparenko 1996). This demonstrates that the Bonfils et al. (2005a) photometric calibration gives excellent results for low-metallicity M dwarfs. The Neves et al. (2012) relationship gives [Fe/H] ~ -0.45, confirming that this star is a metal-poor M dwarfs.

In agreement with this chemical composition, Gl667 is classified as a member of the old disk population from its UVW velocity (Leggett 1992) and is among the objects of lower chromospheric emission for its luminosity (Rauscher & Marcy 2006). In Fig. 1, the Ca II H line emission of Gl 667C is slightly weaker than that of Gl 433, which is also indicative a long rotational period.

In the NEXXUS database (Schmitt & Liefke 2004), two different detections of the X-ray emission of Gl 667C are listed with one decade of difference. The ROSAT All-Sky Survey (RASS) value of  $\log L_X = 27.89$  erg/s is the total flux for Gl 667ABC, whereas the value of the ROSAT High Resolution Imager (HRI) of  $\log L_X = 26.87$  erg/s is a resolved measurement. This last measurement implies that  $R_X = \log L_X/L_{BOL} = -5.14$  and that the rotational period is larger than 80 days (according to the Kiraga & Stepien (2007)  $R_X$  versus rotational period relationship for a star of ~0.3  $M_{\odot}$ ).

#### 4. Orbital analysis of GI 433

#### 4.1. HARPS measurements

We obtained 67 RV measurements of Gl433 spanning 2904 days from December 2003 to November 2011. These data add 17 new points to those analyzed in Bonfils et al. (2013) and extend their time span by 1200 days. We estimated that the uncertainties of ~1.1 m/s are dominated by photon noise (the median S/N per pixel at 550 nm is 57). The RVs have an overall rms = 3.14 m/s



**Fig. 2.** From *top to bottom*: (1) HARPS RV data for Gl 433; (2) window function of the measurement; (3) periodogram of the HARPS measurements; and (4) periodogram of the residuals after substraction of the 7.3 day period.

and  $\sqrt{\chi^2} = 7.7 \pm 0.5$  per degree of freedom, confirming that there is variability in excess of the measurement uncertainties.

We therefore continued with a classical periodicity analysis, based on floating-mean periodograms (Gilliland & Baliunas 1987; Zechmeister et al. 2009). Figure 2 (third panel) depicts the periodogram of our RV time series and shows a strong power excess around the period of 7.3 days. We plot the window function in Fig. 2 (second panel) to identify the signal aliasing between the typical time sampling and the RV variability period. We adopted the normalization of periodograms proposed by

Table 2. Fitted orbital solution for the HARPS data of Gl 433.

	Gl 433b
P [days]	$7.373 \pm 0.002$
е	$0.17 \pm 0.13$
T0 [JD – 2 400 000]	$54597.0\pm 1.0$
$\omega$ [deg]	$136 \pm 47$
$K_1$ [m/s]	$2.9 \pm 0.4$
$M_2 \sin i [M_{\oplus}]$	5.49
<i>a</i> [AU]	0.058
N <sub>meas</sub>	67
Span [days]	2904
rms [m/s]	2.17
$\sqrt{\chi^2}$	2.00

Zechmeister et al. (2009), which is such that a power of one means that a sine function is a perfect fit to the data, whereas a power of zero indicates no improvement over a constant model. Hence, the most powerful peak was measured at a period of  $P \sim 7.3$  days with a power  $p_{\text{max}} = 0.51$ , another peak appears at  $P \sim 1$  day, it is the signal aliasing between the 7.3 day period and the 1 day time sampling which is clearly visible in the window function. To assess its signifiance we performed a bootstrap randomization (Press et al. 1992): we generated 10 000 virtual data sets by shuffling the actual RVs and retaining their dates, and for each set we computed a periodogram; using all periodograms we built a distribution of power maxima. In random sets it appears that power maxima exceed p = 0.40 only once every 100 trials, and never exceed p = 0.43 over 10000 trials. This suggests a false alarm probability (FAP) < 1/10000 for the 7.3-d period seen in the original periodogram. Moreover, for a more precise estimate of this low FAP value, we made use of the Cumming (2004) analytic formula FAP =  $M(1 - p_{max})^{(N-3)/2}$ , where M is the number of independent frequencies in the periodogram,  $p_{max}$ its highest power value, and N the number of measurements. We approximated M by 2904/1 (the ratio of the time span of our observations to the typical 1-day sampling), and obtained the very low FAP value of  $4 \times 10^{-7}$ .

We modeled the first periodic signal by a Keplerian orbit. Even though the periodicity was securely identified we used *Yorbit* (an heuristic algorithm, mixing standard non-linear minimisations and genetic algorithms; Ségransan et al., in prep; Bonfils et al. 2013) and benefited from a global search without any a priori. We converged on a period  $P = 7.3732 \pm 0.0023$  d, semi-amplitude  $K_1 = 2.99 \pm 0.38$  m/s, and eccentricity  $e = 0.17 \pm 0.13$ , which, for  $M_{\star} = 0.48$   $M_{\odot}$  converts to  $m \sin i = 5.49 \pm 0.70$   $M_{\oplus}$  (Table 2). The rms and  $\sqrt{\chi^2}$  around the solution decreased to 2.17 m/s and 2.00  $\pm$  0.09 per degree of freedom, respectively.

Inspecting the residuals and their periodogram (Fig. 2 bottom panel), we measured the power of the most powerful peak (~2000–3000 d;  $p_{max} = 0.28$ ) and applied bootstrap randomization to find it was insignificant (FAP = 22%). We nevertheless found that adding a quadratic drift to the 1-planet model did improve the solution (rms = 1.91 m/s and  $\sqrt{\chi^2} = 1.79 \pm 0.09$  per degree of freedom).

#### 4.2. HARPS and UVES measurements

Fifty-four RV measurements of Gl 433 were also obtained with UVES by Zechmeister et al. (2009). They spanned 2553 days between March 2000 and March 2007 and therefore extended



**Fig. 3.** Two-planet model of HARPS (in red) and UVES (in blue, from Zechmeister et al. 2009) RV measurements for Gl 433. *Top*: phased RV for a planet of 7.37 day period. *Middle*: radial velocity curve for the 3700 day period. *Bottom*: residuals and their periodogram.

the time span of our observations by more than three years (see Fig. 3 – second panel). The mean RV measurement errors in the UVES data are 3.6 m/s, as indicated in Table 4 of Zechmeister et al. (2009). This team has demonstrated its ability to achieve an RV accuracy of  $\sim$ 3 m/s (including potential systematic errors) in the more stable M dwarfs of their program.

Hence, we combined the UVES and HARPS data (by adding a free parameter to the Keplerian fit to take into account

Table 3. Fitted orbital solution for the HARPS and UVES data of GI 433.

	GI 433h	GI 433c
P [davs]	$7.3709 \pm 0.0008$	$\frac{3693 \pm 253}{3693 \pm 253}$
e	$0.08 \pm 0.08$	$0.17 \pm 0.09$
T0 [JD – 2400000]	$54287\pm 1$	$56740 \pm 462$
$\omega$ [deg]	$-156 \pm 54$	$-154 \pm 36$
$K_1$ [m/s]	$3.11 \pm 0.23$	$3.1 \pm 0.5$
$M_2 \sin i [M_{\oplus}]$	5.79	44.6
a [AU]	0.058	3.6
N <sub>meas</sub>	233	3
Span [days]	425	9
rms [m/s]	2.39	
$\sqrt{\chi^2}$	1.30	)

an offset between the two datasets) and performed again a *l planet* fit with *Yorbit*. We converged on the same solution with more precise orbital parameters ( $P = 7.37131 \pm 0.00096$  d;  $K_1 = 2.846 \pm 0.248$  m/s;  $e = 0.13 \pm 0.09$ ). The residuals around the solution show a power excess at  $P \sim 2857$  d ( $p_{\text{max}} = 0.19$ ) that appears to be significant. With 10 000 trials of bootstrap randomization, we found a FAP  $\sim 0.2\%$ . Although signal, which is mainly due to the UVES data, needs to be confirmed with additional measurements, it justified the addition of a second planet to our model.

With a model composed of two planets on Keplerian orbits, *Yorbit* converges on periods of  $7.37029 \pm 0.00084$  days and  $3690 \pm 250$  days, with semi-amplitudes of  $3.113 \pm 0.224$  m/s and  $3.056 \pm 0.433$  m/s and eccentricities  $0.08277 \pm 0.07509$  and  $0.17007 \pm 0.09428$  (see Table 3 for the full set of parameters). The solution has an rms = 2.39 m/s and a  $\sqrt{\chi^2} = 1.30 \pm 0.05$  per degree of freedom, showing that the combination of the HARPS and UVES data sets have largely improved the parameter uncertainties.

#### 4.3. The planetary system around GI 433

In the past, Gl 433 was announced to host a brown dwarf of 30 Jupiter mass with an orbital period of  $\sim$ 500 days based on the astrometric measurements of Bernstein (1997). However all RV measurements that have since been published, including the present one, reject this detection.

Apparent Doppler shifts may also originate from stellar surface inhomogeneities, such as plages and spots, which can break the balance between light emitted in the red-shifted and the blue-shifted parts of a rotating star (e.g. Saar & Donahue 1997; Queloz et al. 2001; Desort et al. 2007). However, the long rotation period (>40 days) of Gl 433 ensures that its observed Doppler shift of 7.37 days does not originate from the stellar activity. A search for a correlation between the 7.37 day RV period and H<sub>a</sub>, CalI-index, or bisector in our HARPS data yields a non-detection. Such signal is easily detected when the RV variation is due to activity for a period of ~35 days (and a fortiori for all shorter periods) (see the cases of Gl 176 and Gl 674; Bonfils et al. 2007; Forveille et al. 2009). This is strong evidence that the ~7 d period is not due to stellar surface inhomogeneities but to the presence of a planet orbiting around Gl 433.

This planet, Gl 433b, belongs to the category of super-Earths with a minimum mass of ~5.8  $M_{\oplus}$ . At a separation of 0.058 AU from its star, Gl 433b is illuminated by a bolometric flux, per surface unity, ten times higher than what the Earth receives from the Sun.



Fig. 4. Top: HARPS RV of Gl 667C. Bottom: one planet plus a linear drift model.

The long-period variability detected in the UVES data set, may have several origins. Firstly, because the signal is detected only during one period, it should be confirmed by monitoring over a longer time period. If confirmed, the signal may originate from a ~10-year period planet of 50  $M_{\oplus}$ . An alternative origin may be the effect of a long-term stellar magnetic cycle, like the so-called 11-year solar cycle, during which the fraction of the stellar disk covered by plages varies. In this region, the magnetic field attenuates the convective flux of the blueshifted plasma and impacts the mean observed RV on the order of few m/s or more (Meunier et al. 2010). Gomes da Silva et al. (2011) detect longperiod variations for numerous activity proxies (CaII, NaI, HeI,  $H_{\alpha}$  lines) of Gl 433 consistent with a period of ~10 years. The long periode RV variability is well-correlated with these activity proxies (Gomes da Silva et al. 2012). We therefore favor a magnetic cycle as the origin of the long-term signal.

#### 5. Orbital analysis of GI 667C

We obtained 179 measurements of Gl 667C RV spanning 2657 days between June 2004 and September 2011. The data add 36 points to those analyzed in Bonfils et al. (2013) and extend their time span by 1070 days. They have uncertainties of ~1.3 m/s (dominated by photon noise) and both rms and  $\sqrt{\chi^2}$  values (resp. 4.3 m/s and 3.04 per degree of freedom) that indicate a variability above those uncertainties. All RVs are shown as a function of time in Fig. 4 (top panel), whereas their window function and floating-mean periodogram are presented in Fig. 5 (top two panels).

#### 5.1. A one-planet and linear-fit solution

The long-term drift seen in Gl 667C RVs agrees well with the line-of-sight acceleration induced by its companion stellar pair

Table 4. One planet + 1 linear drift orbital solution for Gl 667C.

	Gl 667Cb	
P [days]	$7.1989 \pm 0.0015$	
е	$0.11 \pm 0.07$	
T0 [JD – 2 400 000]	$54373.4\pm0.7$	
$\omega$ [deg]	$-22. \pm 36.$	
$K_1$ [m/s]	$3.9 \pm 0.3$	
$M_2 \sin i [M_{\oplus}]$	5.69	
a [AU]	0.0504	
$\gamma [\mathrm{kms^{-1}}]$	$6.55 \pm 0.02$	
γ̈́ [m/s/yr]	$1.26 \pm 0.18$	
rms [m/s]	2.51	
$\sqrt{\chi^2}$	2.02	

Gl 667AB, which is about  $GM_{AB}/r_{AB-C}^2 \sim 3 \text{ m/s/yr}$  (for a total mass  $M_{AB}$  of 1.27  $M_{\odot}$  and a separation of ~300 AU). Even without removing this linear drift, the periodogram show an additionally peak at  $P \sim 7.2$  days (see Fig. 5, panel b). We removed an adjusted drift ( $\dot{\gamma} = 1.59 \pm 0.14 \text{ m/s/yr}$ ) to make the periodic signal even stronger ( $p_{\text{max}} = 0.53$ ; Fig. 5 panel c). To measure the FAP of the 7.2 day signal, we ran 10 000 bootstrap randomization and found no power stronger than 0.18, suggesting a FAP  $\ll 1/10000$ . We also computed the FAP with the Cumming (2004) prescription  $FAP = M(1 - p_{\text{max}})^{(N-5)/2}$ . We approximated M by 2657/1 (the ratio of the time span to the typical sampling of our observations) and obtained the extremely low FAP value of  $\sim 10^{-25}$ . We note that, in Fig. 5 (panel c), a significant and much less powerful peak is seen around P = 1.0094 day that corresponds to an alias of the 7.2-day peak for the typical  $\sim 1$  day sampling.

We continued our analysis by adjusting with *Yorbit* the RVs to a model composed of one planet plus a linear drift and achieved a robust convergence for the orbital elements reported in Table 5. This model reduced the rms and  $\sqrt{\chi^2}$  per degree of freedom to 2.51 m/s and 2.02, respectively. Nevertheless these values remain above the photon noise and instrumental uncertainties, which prompted us to continue the analysis with the residuals and try more complex models.

#### 5.2. A multi-Keplerian plus a linear fit solution

Following up on the periodogram of the residuals around the *1 planet* + *drift* model (Fig. 5 panel d), we observed an additional power-excess around a series of periods, the six most powerful peaks being around 28, 91, 105, 122, 185, and 364 d, with p = 0.225, 0.215, 0.185, 0.181, 0.134, and 0.123, respectively. A bootstrap randomization indicates FAPs lower than 1/10 000 for the four most powerful peaks, whereas Cumming's prescription attributes them a FAP <  $10^{-12}$ .

To model the RVs with a 2 planets + 1 drift model, one could pick the most powerful peak as a guessed period and perform a local minimization to derive all orbital parameters. We found however that this is not the most appropriate approach here because some of the less powerful peaks actually correspond to a signal with high eccentricities, and eventually turned to be better fit. To explore the best-fit solutions we generally prefer the global search implemented in *Yorbit* where the eccentricities are left to vary freely. We identified several solutions with similar  $\sqrt{\chi^2}$  values, reported in Table 5. For all solutions, the first planet and the linear drift had similar parameter values (see Sect. 5.1). On the other hand, the different solutions are



Fig. 5. a) Window function of the RV measurement; b) periodograms of the Gl 667C RV measurements; c) periodograms of the Gl 667C RV measurements after a drift removal; d) periodograms of the residual after subtraction of a drift + one planet model.

discriminated by different orbital periods for the second planet, with  $P_c$  equals to ~28, 90, 106, 124, 186, or 372 days.

To understand these signals, we analyzed the periodograms of the residuals around each solution. One the one hand, we found that for the solution with  $P_c = 28$  d, the periodogram of the residual shows all the remaining peaks at 91, 105, 122, 185, and 364 days (Fig. 6 – panel a). On the other hand, when the solution is for any of the other periods  $P_c = 90$ , 106, 124, 186, or 372 d, then only the 28 d peak remains (e.g. Fig. 6 – panels b, c, d, e, and f). This means that all peaks at 90, 106, 120, 180, and 364 days actually correspond to a single signal, with its harmonics and aliases, and that the peak around 28 d is another independent signal.

One of the four signals identified so far (three periodic signals + one linear drift) have ambiguous solutions. Among the possible periods, the ~106-d period seems to correspond to the rotational period of the star as seen in one activity indicator (see Sect. 5.3). Conservatively, we continued by assuming that the signal is due to activity and used the 106-d period to obtain our fiducial solution. That assumption is given further credit when we run *Yorbit*. Without any a priori on any signal, *Yorbit* converges on a solution with P = 7.2, 28, and 106 d. We present the orbital parameters of a *3 planets* + 1 *drift* model in Table 6 and the RV decomposition and periodogram of the residuals around that solution in Fig. 7. That solution has an rms and  $\sqrt{\chi 2}$  equal to 1.73 m/s and 1.44 ± 0.06 per degree of freedom, respectively.

Finally, we inspected the residuals around the last model (see panels (e) and (f) in Fig. 7). We found the power maximum of the periodogram located around P = 1.0083 d (a possible 1-day alias with a period of 121 days) with a power  $p_{\text{max}} = 0.13$ , to which we attributed a FAP of 2.8%. We therefore did not consider that a significant sine signal remains in the data. We plan

to accumulate more RVs to check wether this signal corresponds to either i) an additional companion; ii) an alias of (improperly corrected) stellar activity of longer timescale; or iii) noise.

#### 5.3. The planetary system around GI 667C

To assess whether one of the radial velocity periodic signal could be due to stellar rotation, we searched for periodicity in several activity diagnostics (H $\alpha$  and CaII-index and the bisector-inverse slope (BIS) and full-width at half-maximum (FWHM) of the cross-correlation function). The clearest signal detected is a very strong peak in the periodogram of the FWHM at a period of ~105 days with a FAP lower than 0.1% (see Fig. 8).

The periodic variation in the FWHM is an estimate of the rotation (Queloz et al. 2009). A rotational period of ~105 days for Gl 667C is consistent with the faint activity level of these stars discussed in Sect. 3.2 and such a period matches one of the power excess seen in our RV periodogram analysis. Thus, our favorite explanation is that the period of ~105 days and all its harmonics or aliases at P = 90, 124, 186, and 372 days (see Sect. 5.2) are due to stellar rotation. However, we tried to use different subsets of RV points and found that the best solution may appear with  $P_d = 90$ , 106, or 186 d. We therefore considered that the RV signal with a long (P > 90 days) period has an uncertain origin of possibly stellar rotation (the most probable in our point of view), or either a high-eccentricity planet, two planets in resonance or a combination of these explanations.

The RV signals at 7.2 d and 28.1 d are completely independent of the long period ones and cannot be due to stellar rotation. Thus, at least two super-Earths are present at close separation to Gl 667C that have a masses of 5.5  $M_{\oplus}$  and 4.25  $M_{\oplus}$ . As previously announced by our team in Bonfils et al. (2013) with

Pl.	Р	K	$T_0$	е
	[day]	[m/s]	BJD-2400000.0 [day]	
b	$7.2002 \pm 0.0010$	$4.01 \pm 0.26$	$54443.33\pm0.53$	$0.13 \pm 0.06$
с	$28.142 \pm 0.031$	$2.08 \pm 0.31$	$54461.3\pm1.6$	$0.32 \pm 0.12$
	γ	=	$6.547 \pm 0.020$	$\mathrm{km}\mathrm{s}^{-1}$
	Ϋ́	=	$1.80 \pm 0.13$	m/s/yr
	rms	=	2.15	m/s
	$\sqrt{\chi^2}$	=	$1.76 \pm 0.05$	per degree of freedom
b	$7.2002 \pm 0.0010$	$4.19 \pm 0.27$	$54442.89 \pm 0.38$	$0.17 \pm 0.06$
с	$90.24 \pm 0.13$	$2.57 \pm 0.61$	$54483.7\pm1.3$	$0.71 \pm 0.10$
	γ	=	$6.548 \pm 0.019$	$\rm kms^{-1}$
	, ý	=	$1.75 \pm 0.13$	m/s/yr
	rms	=	2.17	m/s
	$\sqrt{\chi^2}$	=	$1.77\pm0.05$	per degree of freedom
h	$7\ 2001 \pm 0\ 0010$	$3.90 \pm 0.25$	$5444293 \pm 053$	$0.13 \pm 0.06$
c	$10635 \pm 0.0810$	$3.30 \pm 0.23$	$5449946 \pm 0.93$	$0.13 \pm 0.00$ $0.73 \pm 0.06$
Ũ	$100.55 \pm 0.00$	=	$6.548 \pm 0.019$	km s <sup>-1</sup>
	γ́	=	$1.63 \pm 0.13$	m/s/vr
	rms	=	2.07	m/s
	$\sqrt{\chi^2}$	=	$1.69\pm0.05$	per degree of freedom
h	$7.2001 \pm 0.0010$	$3.00 \pm 0.27$	$54.442.01 \pm 0.45$	$0.15 \pm 0.06$
C	$123.08 \pm 0.14$	$3.99 \pm 0.27$ $3.05 \pm 0.64$	$54.481.38 \pm 0.88$	$0.15 \pm 0.06$
C	125.70 ± 0.14	5.05 ± 0.04 -	$6550 \pm -0.019$	$km s^{-1}$
	i v	_	1.77 + -0.13	m/s/vr
	rms	=	2.16	m/s
	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	_	$1.71 \pm 0.05$	per degree of freedom
	$\sqrt{\chi^2}$	_	1.71±0.05	per degree of freedom
b	$7.2001 \pm 0.0010$	$3.84 \pm 0.25$	$54442.95\pm0.50$	$0.14 \pm 0.06$
с	$186.08\pm0.30$	$2.79 \pm 0.47$	$54604.4\pm1.3$	$0.80 \pm 0.05$
	γ	=	$6.550 \pm 0.018$	$\rm kms^{-1}$
	γ́	=	$1.75 \pm 0.12$	m/s/yr
	rms	=	2.09	m/s
	$\sqrt{\chi^2}$	=	$1.71\pm0.05$	per degree of freedom
h	$7.2001 \pm 0.0010$	$3.86 \pm 0.25$	54 442 96 + 0 49	$0.14 \pm 0.06$
c	$372.15 \pm 0.57$	$2.89 \pm 0.49$	$54604.7\pm1.1$	$0.87 \pm 0.03$
č	ν	=	$6.550 \pm 0.018$	$km s^{-1}$
	iv iv	=	$1.76 \pm 0.12$	m/s/vr
	rms	=	2.09	m/s
	$\sqrt{v^2}$	=	$1.71 \pm 0.05$	per degree of freedom
	VX 2	_	1.71 - 0.00	Per degree of freedom

**Table 5.** Six commensurable solutions (with similar reduced  $\sqrt{\chi^2}$ ) for the 2-Keplerian orbit + 1 drift model.

GTO-HARPS data, the use of supplementary HARPS RV data allows us to specify their parameters. At a separation of 0.05 and 0.12 AU from their star, Gl 667Cb and Gl 667Cc are respectively illuminated by a bolometric flux, per unit area, 5.51 and 0.89 times than that the Earth receives from the Sun (in using the stellar luminosity of Table 1). The super-Earth Gl 667Cc is then in the middle of the habitable zone of its star. We discuss this point in detail in the next section.

# 6. A planet in the middle of the habitable zone of an M dwarf

#### 6.1. GI 667Cc

Super-Earths in the habitable zone of their host stars, which by definition is the region where liquid water can be stable on the surface of a rocky planet (Huang 1959; Kasting et al. 1993), currently garner considerable interest. For a detailed discussion of

the HZ, we refer the reader to Selsis et al. (2007) or Kaltenegger & Sasselov (2011) but summarize their most salient points. One important consideration is that planets with masses outside the 0.5–10  $M_{\oplus}$  range cannot host liquid surface water. Planets of mass lower than this range have too weak a gravity to retain a sufficiently dense atmosphere, and those above the upper end of the range accrete a massive He-H envelope. In either case, the pressure at the surface cannot support liquid water. The 10  $M_{\oplus}$  upper limit is somewhat fuzzy, since planets in the 3–10  $M_{\oplus}$  range can have very different densities (reflecting their different structures) for a given mass: Earth-like, Neptune-like, and ocean planets can all exist for the same mass (e.g. Fig. 3 in Winn et al. 2011).

To potentially harbor liquid water, a planet with a dense atmosphere such as the Earth needs an equilibrium temperature between 175 K and 270 K (Selsis et al. 2007; Kaltenegger & Sasselov 2011, and references therein). If  $T_{eq} > 270$  K, a planet with a water-rich atmosphere will experience a phase



Fig. 6. Periodograms for the Gl 667C residual of radial velocity measurements after subtraction of a drift plus a two-planet solution. For all the panels, the period of the first planet is  $P_{\rm b} = 7.2$  days. From *the left to the right* and from *the top to the bottom*, the period of the second planet is  $P_{\rm c} = 28,90,106,124,186$ , and 372 days.

Table 6. Three Keplerian + 1 linear-drift orbital solution.

	Gl 667Cb	Gl 667Cc	Gl 667Cd
P [days]	$7.199 \pm 0.001$	$28.13 \pm 0.03$	$106.4 \pm 0.1$
е	$0.09 \pm 0.05$	$0.34 \pm 0.10$	$0.68 \pm 0.06$
T0 [JD – 2 400 000]	$54443.1\pm0.6$	$54462 \pm 1$	$54499\pm 1$
$\omega$ [deg]	$-4 \pm 33$	$166 \pm 20$	$7 \pm 8$
$K_1$ [m/s]	$3.8 \pm 0.2$	$2.0 \pm 0.3$	$2.7 \pm 0.4$
$M_2 \sin i [M_{\oplus}]$	5.46	4.25	6.93
<i>a</i> [AU]	0.0504	0.1251	0.3035
$\gamma [\mathrm{kms^{-1}}]$	$6.55 \pm 0.02$		
γ̈́ [m/s/yr]	$1.85 \pm 0.11$		
rms [m/s]	1.73		
$\sqrt{\chi^2}$	$1.44\pm0.06$		

**Notes.** Note that we assume that the 106 day period is probably due to activity.

of a runaway greenhouse effect (see Selsis et al. 2007). At the other end of the range,  $CO_2$  will irreversibly freeze out from the atmosphere of planets with  $T_{eq} < 175$  K, preventing a sufficient greenhouse effect to avoid the freezing of all surface water.

Either case obviously makes the planet uninhabitable. The inner limit of the habitable zone is well-constrained. The outer one, by contrast, is very sensitive to the complex and poorly constrained meteorology of  $CO_2$  clouds, through the balance between their reflecting efficiency (which cools the planet) and their greenhouse effect (which warms it) (Forget & Pierrehumbert 1997; Mischna et al. 2000; Selsis et al. 2007). Finally, a location inside the habitable zone is a necessary condition for hosting surface water, but by no means a sufficient one: the long-term survival of surface water involves complex ingredients such as a carbonatesilicate geological cycle and an adequate initial H<sub>2</sub>O supply.

Adopting the notations of Kaltenegger et al. (2011), the equilibrium temperature of a planet is:

$$T_{\rm eq} = \left( (1 - A) L_{\rm star} / \left( 4\beta D^2 \right) \right)^{1/4}, \tag{1}$$

where  $L_{\text{star}}$  is the bolometric luminosity of the star, *D* is the planet's semi-major axis,  $\beta$  is the geometrical fraction of the planet surface that re-radiates the absorbed flux ( $\beta = 1$  for a rapidly rotating planet with a dense atmosphere, such as the Earth;  $\beta = 0.5$  for an atmosphere-less planet that always show the same side to its star), and *A* the wavelength-integrated Bond albedo. Using the stellar parameters



**Fig. 7.** Decomposition of our nominal three planet + 1 drift model for Gl 667C. Panel **a**) shows the contribution of the long-term drift with the three Keplerian contributions removed. Panels **b**), **c**), and **d**) show respectively radial velocity curves for Keplerians  $P_b = 7.2$  d,  $P_c = 28.1$  d, and  $P_d = 106.4$  d. Residuals of this solution are shown in panel **e**) and their periodogram in panel **f**).



**Fig. 8.** Periodogram for the FWHM of the correlation peak for the Gl 667C HARPS measurements. A peak at  $\sim$ 105 days is clearly visible and interpreted as the rotational period of Gl 667C. The line show the 10% and 1% FAP levels.

of Table 1, the equilibrium temperatures of Gl433b and Gl667Cb are respectively  $495(\frac{1-A}{\beta})^{1/4}$  K and  $426(\frac{1-A}{\beta})^{1/4}$  K. Both planets are firmly in the hot super-Earth category. In contrast, Gl 667Cc has  $T_{\rm eq} = 270(\frac{1-A}{\beta})^{1/4}$  K, which should be compared to  $T_{\rm eq} = 278(\frac{1-A}{\beta})^{1/4}$  K for the Earth.

The three dimensional (3D) atmospheric models of Heng et al. (2011a,b) suggest that a planet like Gl667Cc most likely has  $\beta$  close to 1, even when it is tidally locked and always shows the same hemisphere to its star, since they find that a modestly dense Earth-like atmosphere ensures a full re-distribution of the incoming energy. This conclusion, a fortiori, also applies to the presumably denser atmosphere of a 4.25  $M_{\oplus}$  planet (Wordsworth et al. 2011). With  $T_{eq} \sim 270(1 - A)^{1/4}$  K, Gl667Cc is therefore in the HZ for any albedo in the [0–0.83] range.

Detailed 3D atmospheric simulations (e.g. Wordsworth et al. 2011; Heng & Vogt 2011) will need to be tuned to the characteristics of Gl 667Cc to ascertain its possible climate. In the mean time, this planet, which receives from its star 89% of the bolometric solar flux at Earth, is a very strong habitable-planet candidate.

#### 6.2. Particularity of the habitable zone around M dwarfs

Two main differences between planets in the HZ of solar-like stars and M dwarfs are often pointed out. Firstly, a planet in the HZ of an M dwarf is closer to its star, and therefore

subject to more intense tidal forces. As a result, it is likely to quickly be captured into a spin-orbit resonance. The solar system demonstrates, however, that this does not necessarily imply that it will be forced into synchronous rotation. The final equilibrium rotation of a tidally influenced planet depends on both its orbital eccentricity and the density of its atmosphere (Doyle et al. 1993; Correia et al. 2008; Correia & Laskar 2010; Heller et al. 2011). Mercury, for instance, has been captured into the 3:2, rather than 1:1, spin-orbit resonance (Correia & Laskar 2004), and Venus has altogether escaped capture into a resonance because thermal atmospheric tides counteract its interior tides (Correia & Laskar 2003). Whatever the final spin-orbit ratio, the tidal forces will influence both the night and day successions, and therefore the climate. As discussed above however, energy redistribution by an atmosphere at least as dense as that of the Earth is efficient (Wordsworth et al. 2011; Heng et al. 2011b,a), and will prevent glaciation and atmospheric collapse on the night side.

The second major difference is in the stellar magnetic activity, owing to its dependence on stellar mass. M dwarfs, on average, are much more active than solar-like stars. This results from the combination of two effects: lower mass stars have much longer braking times for stellar rotation (Delfosse et al. 1998; Barnes 2003; Delorme et al. 2011), and for the same rotation period they are more active (Kiraga & Stepien 2007). As a result, a planet in the HZ of an early M dwarf receives intense X-ray and UV radiation for ten times longer than the ~100 Myr that the Earth spent close to a very active Sun (Ribas et al. 2005; Selsis et al. 2007). Stellar X-ray and UV radiation, as well as coronal mass ejections (CMEs), could potentially cause a major atmospheric escape (see Scalo et al. 2007; Lammer et al. 2009, for reviews).

Several theoretical studies have looked into the evolution of planetary atmospheres in the M-dwarf HZ to investigate whether they lose essential chemical species, such as H<sub>2</sub>O, and may even be completely eroded? The problem is complex, with many uncertain parameters, and the range of possible answers is very wide. Amongst other uncertain factors, the escape ratio sensitively depends on (1) the intensity and frequency of CMEs for M dwarfs, which is poorly known, and may be much smaller that initially claimed (van den Oord & Doyle 1997; Wood et al. 2005); (2) the magnetic moment of the planet (a strong magnetosphere will protect the planet against CME-induced ion pick up Lammer et al. 2007); and (3) details of the atmospheric chemistry and composition (through atmosphere-flare photo-chemical interaction Segura et al. 2010 and IR radiative cooling from the vibrational-rotational band Lammer et al. 2007). In two limiting cases of planets in M-dwarfs HZ, Lammer et al. (2007), conclude that the atmosphere of an unmagnetized Earth-mass planet can be completely eroded during the Gyr-long active phase of its host star, while Tian (2009) finds that the atmosphere of a seven Earth-mass super-Earth is stable even around very active M dwarfs, especially if the atmosphere mostly contains CO<sub>2</sub>. The continuous outgassing of essential atmospheric species from volcanic activity can, of course, also protect an atmosphere by compensating for its escape.

These differences imply that a planet in the habitable zone of an M dwarf is unlikely to be a twin of the Earth. Habitability however is not restricted to Earth twins, and Barnes et al. (2011) conclude that "no known phenomenon completely precludes the habitability of terrestrial planets orbiting cool stars". A massive telluric planet, such as Gl667Cc ( $M_2 \sin i = 4.25 M_{\oplus}$ ), most likely has a massive planetary core, and as a consequence a stronger dynamo and more active volcanism. Both factors help to protect against atmospheric escape, and super-Earths may perhaps be stronger candidates for habitability around M dwarfs than true Earth-mass planets.

#### 6.3. Comparing GI 667Cc with other known planets in the habitable zone

HARPS has previously discovered two planets inside the HZs of the stars Gl 581 and HD85512. Gl 581d (Udry et al. 2007; Mayor et al. 2009) ( $M_2 \sin i = 7 M_{\oplus}$ ) receives from its M3V host star just ~25% of the energy that the Earth receives from the Sun, and is thus located in the outer habitable zone of its star. Detailed models (Wordsworth et al. 2011) confirm that Gl 581d can have surface liquid water for a wide range of plausible atmospheres. HD85512b (Pepe et al. 2011) is a  $M_2 \sin i = 3.5 M_{\oplus}$  planet in the inner habitable zone of a K5-dwarf that receives about twice as much stellar energy as the Earth. It could harbor surface liquid water if at least 50% of its surface is covered by highly reflective clouds (Kaltenegger et al. 2011).

Vogt et al. (2010) announced another super-Earth in the HZ of Gl 581, which they found in an analysis combining HARPS and HIRES RV data. The statistical significance of this detection has, however, been questioned (e.g. Tuomi 2011), and an extended HARPS dataset now demonstrates that the planet is unlikely to exist with the proposed parameters (Forveille et al. 2011).

Borucki et al. (2011) announced six planetary candidates in the HZ of *Kepler* targets with a radius smaller than twice that of Earth, which they adopted as a nominal limit between telluric and Neptune-like planets. Kaltenegger & Sasselov (2011) reduce this number to three HZ planetary candidates, by discarding three planets that they find are too hot to host water if their coverage by reflective clouds is under 50%. Borucki et al. (2012) confirmed that Kepler 22b (listed as KOI-87.01 in Borucki et al. 2011) is a planet, making it the first planet with a measured radius orbiting in a habitable zone. Kaltenegger & Sasselov (2011) however discarded Kepler 22b from their candidate list because its radius is above two Earth-radii.

To summarize, two planets with measured minimum masses in the range for telluric planets (Gl 581d and HD 85512b) are known to orbit in the HZ of their respective stars. Another one, with a measured radius slightly above the nominal limit for a rocky planet, orbits at a similar location (Kepler 22b). Finally, three *Kepler* candidates with radii corresponding to telluric planets and positions in habitable zones currently await confirmation. Gl 667Cc, announced in Bonfils et al. (2013) and discussed in detail here, is actually the most promising of these for holding conditions compatible with surface liquid water. Receiving ~10% less stellar energy than the Earth and with a minimum mass of  $M_2 \sin i = 4.25 M_{\oplus}$ , it is very likely to be a rocky planet in the middle of the habitable zone of its star.

#### 7. Summary and conclusions

We have analyzed in detail three super-Earths announced in Bonfils et al. (2013): Gl 433b, Gl 667Cb and Gl 667Cc. One, Gl667Cc, is a  $M_2 \sin i = 4.25 M_{\oplus}$  planet in the middle of the habitable zone of a M1.5V star. It is to date the extra-solar planet with the closest characteristics to the Earth, but does not approach being an Earth twin. Its main differences from Earth are its significantly higher mass and different stellar environment, which might potentially can have caused its different evolution.

Host stars of giant planets are preferentially metal-rich (e.g. Santos et al. 2001, 2004; Fischer & Valenti 2005). In contrast,

the detection rate of planets with masses lower than 30–40  $M_{\oplus}$ does not clearly correlate with stellar metallicity (Mayor et al. 2011). These results make the discovery of two super-Earths around Gl 667C ([Fe/H] ~ -0.6, Sect. 3) less surprising, but this star remains one of the most metal-poor planetary host stars known to date, with just six planetary host stars listed having a lower metallicity in the Extrasolar Planets Encyclopaedia<sup>1</sup> (Schneider et al. 2011). The metallicity of Gl 433,  $[Fe/H] \sim$ -0.2, is close to the median value of the solar neighborhood, and therefore unremarkable.

The planets Gl 667Cb and c orbit the outer component of a hierarchical triple system. Fewer than ten other planetary systems, listed in Desidera et al. (2011), share this characteristic. These authors conclude that planets occur with similar frequencies around the isolated component of a triple system and around single stars. The planets around Gl 667C, however, are unusual in orbiting the lowest-mass component of the system.

The three planets discussed here enter in our Bonfils et al. (2013) statistical study, which establishes that super-Earths are very common around M dwarfs. Our HARPS survey of ~100 stars has, in particular, found two super-Earths in habitables zones, Gl 581d and Gl 667Cc, even though both planets are located in parts of the mass-period diagram where its detection completeness is lower tan 10 percent. This clearly indicates that super-Earths are common in the habitable zones of M dwarfs, with a  $42_{-13}^{+54}$ % frequency (Bonfils et al. 2013). Future instruments optimized for planet searches around M dwarfs, such as the SPIRou (on CFHT) and CARMENES (at Calar Alto observatory) near-IR spectrographs, will vastly increase our inventory of such planets around nearby M dwarfs. Theses instruments should be able to identify  $\sim$ 50–100 planets in the habitable zones of M-dwarfs, and with a  $\sim 2\%$  transit probability for these, to find at least one transiting habitable planet around a bright M dwarf. Such a radial-velocity educated approach has already been undertaken with HARPS (Bonfils et al. 2011) and led to the discovery of GJ3470b (Bonfils et al. 2012). In this context, we stress that a photometric search for transits must soon be carried out for Gl 667Cc, for which there is a ~1.5% probability of transits occuring.

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### Appendix A: Radial velocity measurements

Table A.1. Radial-velocity measurements and errors bars for Gl 433.

Table A.2. Radial-velocity measurements and errors bars for Gl 667C (first part).

JD-2 400 000	RV	Uncertainty
	$[\text{km s}^{-1}]$	$[km s^{-1}]$
52989.835057	18.1677	0.0017
52 996.843978	18.1648	0.0013
53 511.574791	18.1612	0.0010
53 516.592190	18.1604	0.0014
53 516.59 /028	18.1600	0.0017
53 520.601574	18.1706	0.0022
53 809.751455	18.1040	0.0009
53 810.729555	18.1000	0.0008
5/ 12/ 227220	18.1024	0.0010
54 154.627269	18 1655	0.0009
54 220 642760	18.1655	0.0015
54 256 554461	18 1701	0.0010
54 257 531401	18 1718	0.0011
54 258 495969	18 1688	0.0010
54 296 563423	18 1678	0.0014
54 299 536021	18.1674	0.0017
54 459 849816	18.1617	0.0009
54 460.851730	18.1595	0.0012
54 526.745535	18.1612	0.0009
54 549.673279	18.1682	0.0014
54 552.694028	18.1689	0.0010
54 556.639741	18.1669	0.0011
54 562.685147	18.1631	0.0008
54 566.649449	18.1691	0.0008
54 570.611066	18.1613	0.0011
54 639.547895	18.1650	0.0012
54 640.536378	18.1694	0.0010
54 641.508220	18.1686	0.0009
54 642.531642	18.1663	0.0010
54 643.541084	18.1643	0.0011
54 645.510158	18.1643	0.0012
54 646.510318	18.1699	0.0011
54 647.470551	18.1712	0.0010
54 648.507247	18.1715	0.0010
54 658.462295	18.1649	0.0010
54 660.460084	18.1663	0.0013
54 661.462908	18.1669	0.0011
54 662 461670	18.1089	0.0011
54 663.4010/0	18.10/0	0.0009
54 665 470000	18.1001	0.0010
54 666 465274	18 1661	0.0010
54 672 514021	18 1638	0.0009
54 674 470816	18.1604	0.0012
54 677 477550	18 1665	0.0012
54 678 473044	18,1711	0.0012
54 679 476248	18,1653	0.0011
54 681 469000	18 1666	0.0012
54 682.474358	18.1676	0.0009
55 041.491690	18.1653	0.0010
55 046.463763	18.1687	0.0011
55 047.482719	18.1691	0.0013
55 048.480602	18.1650	0.0014
55 049.486609	18.1629	0.0013
55 050.478302	18.1622	0.0025
55 053.476079	18.1631	0.0012
55 054.481130	18.1658	0.0017
55 055.465316	18.1645	0.0013
55 056.458633	18.1627	0.0012
55 057.474960	18.1618	0.0013
55 234.724210	18.1621	0.0011
55 887.861310	18.1676	0.0012
55 889.846375	18.1603	0.0017
55 891.844384	18.1642	0.0011
55 892.857129	18.1655	0.0011
55 893.838113	18.1642	0.0011

ID-2,400,000	RV	Uncertainty
3D 2 100 000	$[km s^{-1}]$	$[\text{km s}^{-1}]$
53 158.764366	6.5436	0.0015
53 201.586793	6.5351	0.0015
53 511.798846	6.5385	0.0015
53 520.781048	6.5465	0.0016
53 783.863348	6.5472	0.0011
53 810.852282	6.5440	0.0010
53 811.891816	6.5475	0.0015
53 812.865858	6.5466	0.0012
53 814.849083	6.5373	0.0009
53 810.85 /459	6.53/3	0.0011
53 830.800408	6 5463	0.0011
53 834 884977	6 5456	0.0012
53 836 887788	6.5411	0.0009
53 861.796371	6.5547	0.0011
53 862.772051	6.5544	0.0012
53 863.797178	6.5521	0.0010
53 864.753954	6.5495	0.0011
53 865.785606	6.5447	0.0010
53 866.743120	6.5455	0.0009
53 867.835652	6.5464	0.0011
53 868.813512	6.5479	0.0011
53 869.789495	6.5514	0.0011
53 870.810097	6 5445	0.0013
53 882 732970	6 5432	0.0013
53 886 703550	6.5437	0.0009
53 887.773514	6.5431	0.0009
53 917.737524	6.5443	0.0016
53 919.712544	6.5483	0.0016
53 921.615825	6.5457	0.0010
53 944.566259	6.5451	0.0015
53 947.578821	6.5533	0.0026
53 950.601834	6.5485	0.0014
53 970.497100	6 5467	0.0011
53 981 555311	6 5430	0.0010
53 982.526504	6.5436	0.0012
54 167.866839	6.5450	0.0011
54 169.864835	6.5470	0.0011
54 171.876906	6.5536	0.0011
54 173.856452	6.5460	0.0011
54 194.847290	6.5486	0.0013
54 196.819157	6.5443	0.0013
54 197.797125	0.3432 6 5431	0.0014
54 199 854238	6 5485	0.0013
54 200.815699	6.5500	0.0010
54 201.918397	6.5492	0.0011
54 202.802697	6.5439	0.0011
54 227.831743	6.5477	0.0014
54 228.805860	6.5520	0.0011
54 229.773888	6.5551	0.0017
54 230.845843	6.5496	0.0011
54 231.801726	6.5467	0.0010
54 232.121231	0.3438	0.0018
54 234 790981	6.5460	0.0020
54 253.728334	6.5492	0.0013
54 254.755898	6.5442	0.0010
54 255.709350	6.5449	0.0012
54 256.697674	6.5473	0.0013
54 257.704446	6.5499	0.0012
54 258.698322	6.5524	0.0011
54 291.675565	6.5430	0.0017
54 292.655662	0.5457	0.0012
J4 273./U0/00	0.3499	0.0011

Notes. All values are relative to the solar system barycenter, the secular acceleration is not substracted (see Sect. 2).

**Notes.** All values are relative to the solar system barycenter, the secular acceleration is not substracted (see Sect. 2).

### Table A.2. continued.

### Table A.2. continued.

$\begin{tabular}{ l                                   $			
$\frac{[\rm km  s^{-1}]}{[\rm km  s^{-1}]}  [\rm km  s^{-1}]} \frac{[\rm km  s^{-1}]}{[\rm km  s^{-1}]}$	ID 2400.000	ΡV	Uncertainty
$[km s^{-1}] [km $	JD-2 400 000	-1a	
54 295.628628     6.5514     0.0012       54 297.631678     6.5427     0.0010       54 299.678909     6.5453     0.0011       54 300.764649     6.5475     0.0011       54 314.691809     6.5453     0.0018       54 316.554926     6.5536     0.0016       54 316.554926     6.5536     0.0011       54 319.604048     6.5406     0.0012       54 340.79642     6.5470     0.0010       54 343.530662     6.5491     0.0011       54 343.530662     6.5491     0.0013       54 525.892144     6.5485     0.0011       54 525.892144     6.5481     0.0010       54 525.892144     6.5481     0.0011       54 526.871196     6.5443     0.0011       54 528.903672     6.5479     0.0012       54 528.903672     6.5473     0.0011       54 528.80221     6.5474     0.0011       54 528.80221     6.5477     0.0010       54 558.80221     6.5477     0.0010       54 558.8023     6.5411     0.0011		[km s <sup>-1</sup> ]	[km s <sup>-1</sup> ]
54 296.670395     6.5434     0.0012       54 297.631678     6.5427     0.0010       54 298.654206     6.5410     0.0012       54 299.678909     6.5453     0.0011       54 310.764649     6.5475     0.0011       54 315.637551     6.5493     0.0018       54 316.554926     6.5536     0.0016       54 310.604048     6.5406     0.0011       54 320.616852     6.5416     0.0012       54 340.596942     6.5455     0.0010       54 342.531820     6.5455     0.0010       54 342.531820     6.5465     0.0011       54 342.58084     6.5464     0.0011       54 522.886464     6.5464     0.0011       54 522.880214     6.5481     0.0010       54 527.897962     6.5443     0.0011       54 528.80217     6.5477     0.0010       54 551.808783     6.5474     0.0011       54 552.80217     6.5474     0.0011       54 552.80221     6.5477     0.0010       54 552.80221     6.5474     0.0011	54 295.628628	6.5514	0.0015
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	54 296.670395	6.5434	0.0012
$\begin{array}{c} 54 298.654206 \\ 5410 \\ 54 300.764649 \\ 6.5475 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 300.764649 \\ 6.5475 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 314.691809 \\ 6.5446 \\ 0.0024 \\ 54 315.53751 \\ 6.5493 \\ 0.0018 \\ 54 316.554926 \\ 6.5536 \\ 0.0016 \\ 54 319.604048 \\ 6.5406 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 320.616852 \\ 6.5416 \\ 0.0010 \\ 54 342.531820 \\ 6.5470 \\ 0.0010 \\ 54 342.531820 \\ 6.5455 \\ 0.0010 \\ 54 342.531820 \\ 6.5455 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 342.531820 \\ 6.5465 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 342.531820 \\ 6.5465 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 342.531820 \\ 6.5465 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 342.58080 \\ 6.5461 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 522.886464 \\ 6.5464 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 522.892144 \\ 6.5485 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 526.8971196 \\ 6.5481 \\ 0.0010 \\ 54 527.897962 \\ 6.5443 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 528.903672 \\ 6.5443 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 552.890217 \\ 6.5474 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 552.890217 \\ 6.5415 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 551.868783 \\ 6.5444 \\ 0.0010 \\ 54 552.880221 \\ 6.5477 \\ 0.0010 \\ 54 552.880221 \\ 6.5477 \\ 0.0010 \\ 54 555.870790 \\ 6.5451 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 556.838936 \\ 6.5441 \\ 0.0010 \\ 54 557.804592 \\ 6.5441 \\ 0.0010 \\ 54 556.838936 \\ 6.5441 \\ 0.0010 \\ 54 556.838936 \\ 6.5441 \\ 0.0010 \\ 54 556.838936 \\ 6.5441 \\ 0.0010 \\ 54 564.895759 \\ 6.5445 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 564.895759 \\ 6.5445 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 568.891702 \\ 6.5525 \\ 0.0015 \\ 54 569.881078 \\ 6.5474 \\ 0.0013 \\ 54 570.870766 \\ 6.5461 \\ 0.0010 \\ 54 567.804592 \\ 6.5548 \\ 0.0015 \\ 54 590.901964 \\ 6.5517 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 568.891702 \\ 6.5525 \\ 0.0015 \\ 54 590.901964 \\ 6.5517 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 61.870823 \\ 6.5545 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 61.870823 \\ 6.5545 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 640.723804 \\ 6.5545 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 643.686130 \\ 6.5542 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 643.686130 \\ 6.5542 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 643.686130 \\ 6.5542 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 643.686130 \\ 6.5542 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 643.686130 \\ 6.5542 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 643.686130 \\ 6.5542 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 643.686130 \\ 6.5542 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 643.686130 \\ 6.5542 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 643.686130 \\ 6.5542 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 643.686130 \\ 6.5542 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 643.686130 \\ 6.5542 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 643.686130 \\ 6.5542 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 643.686130 \\ 6.5542 \\ 0.0011 \\ 54 646.676055 \\ 6.5493 \\ 0.0013 \\ 54 642.676950 \\ 6.5493 \\ 0.0013 \\ 54 646.677451 \\ 6.5446 \\ 0.0013 \\ 54 665.77451 \\ 6.5446 \\ 0.0013 \\ 54 666.683607 $	54 297 631678	6 5427	0.0010
34 298.03400   6.5410   0.0011     54 300.764649   6.5475   0.0011     54 316.654926   6.5536   0.0016     54 316.554926   6.5536   0.0011     54 316.654926   6.5536   0.0011     54 319.604048   6.5400   0.0011     54 340.596942   6.5470   0.0010     54 342.531820   6.5455   0.0010     54 343.530662   6.5491   0.0011     54 344.551084   6.5465   0.0012     54 349.569500   6.5431   0.0013     54 522.886464   6.5464   0.0011     54 528.892144   6.5485   0.0011     54 528.8903672   6.5443   0.0011     54 528.80221   6.5415   0.0011     54 552.800217   6.5444   0.0010     54 552.80021   6.5451   0.0011     54 552.80021   6.5451   0.0011     54 552.80021   6.5447   0.0010     54 553.870790   6.5441   0.0010     54 554.846366   6.5499   0.0012     54 568.891702   6.5525   0.0015	54 209 654206	6 5 4 1 0	0.0010
54 299.678909   6.5453   0.0014     54 300.764649   6.5475   0.0011     54 314.691809   6.5446   0.0024     54 315.637551   6.5493   0.0018     54 319.604048   6.5406   0.0011     54 320.616852   6.5416   0.0012     54 340.596942   6.5470   0.0010     54 343.530662   6.5491   0.0013     54 343.530662   6.5491   0.0013     54 343.530662   6.5491   0.0013     54 343.530662   6.5491   0.0013     54 528.80214   6.5485   0.0011     54 528.80214   6.5485   0.0011     54 528.80217   6.5474   0.0011     54 550.901322   6.5415   0.0011     54 550.901322   6.5415   0.0011     54 551.868783   6.5444   0.0010     54 555.870790   6.5445   0.0012     54 555.870790   6.5445   0.0011     54 555.870790   6.5445   0.0010     54 555.870790   6.5445   0.0010     54 555.870790   6.5445   0.0012	54 298.054200	0.5410	0.0012
\$4 300.764649   6.5475   0.0011     \$4 314.691809   6.5446   0.0024     \$4 315.637551   6.5536   0.0016     \$4 316.554926   6.5536   0.0011     \$4 320.616852   6.5416   0.0012     \$4 340.596942   6.5470   0.0010     \$4 342.531820   6.5455   0.0011     \$4 343.530662   6.5491   0.0011     \$4 345.51084   6.5465   0.0016     \$4 349.569500   6.5431   0.0013     \$4 522.886464   6.5464   0.0011     \$4 524.883089   6.5509   0.0012     \$4 528.892144   6.5485   0.0011     \$4 528.8903672   6.5443   0.0011     \$4 528.802217   6.5474   0.0011     \$4 551.868783   6.5441   0.0010     \$4 552.80221   6.5477   0.0010     \$4 554.846366   6.5499   0.0012     \$4 554.8463366   6.5441   0.0010     \$4 557.804592   6.5437   0.0011     \$4 558.89206   6.5441   0.0010     \$4 557.804592   6.5437   0.0011	54 299.678909	6.5453	0.0014
54 314.691809     6.5446     0.0024       54 315.637551     6.5493     0.0018       54 319.604048     6.5406     0.0011       54 320.616852     6.5416     0.0012       54 340.596942     6.5470     0.0010       54 342.531820     6.5455     0.0011       54 343.530662     6.5491     0.0013       54 343.530662     6.5491     0.0013       54 342.531820     6.5455     0.0016       54 349.569500     6.5431     0.0013       54 522.886464     6.5464     0.0011       54 525.892144     6.5485     0.0011       54 526.871196     6.5443     0.0011       54 527.89762     6.5443     0.0010       54 551.868783     6.5444     0.0010       54 551.868783     6.5444     0.0010       54 552.880221     6.5451     0.0011       54 556.838936     6.5441     0.0010       54 557.804592     6.5445     0.0012       54 568.893702     6.5451     0.0011       54 568.895759     6.5445     0.0012 <td>54 300.764649</td> <td>6.5475</td> <td>0.0011</td>	54 300.764649	6.5475	0.0011
54 315.637551 $6.5493$ $0.0018$ 54 315.637551 $6.5406$ $0.0011$ 54 319.604048 $6.5406$ $0.0011$ 54 320.616852 $6.5416$ $0.0012$ 54 340.596942 $6.5470$ $0.0010$ 54 342.531820 $6.5455$ $0.0010$ 54 342.531820 $6.5455$ $0.0011$ 54 343.530662 $6.5491$ $0.0011$ 54 343.530662 $6.5491$ $0.0011$ 54 349.569500 $6.5431$ $0.0013$ 54 522.886464 $6.5464$ $0.0011$ 54 522.886464 $6.5443$ $0.0011$ 54 527.897962 $6.5443$ $0.0011$ 54 528.903672 $6.5443$ $0.0011$ 54 528.903672 $6.5429$ $0.0012$ 54 559.80173 $6.5443$ $0.0011$ 54 550.901932 $6.5415$ $0.0011$ 54 552.880221 $6.5477$ $0.0010$ 54 552.880221 $6.5477$ $0.0010$ 54 558.80790 $6.5451$ $0.0011$ 54 558.80790 $6.5451$ $0.0010$ 54 558.80221 $6.5477$ $0.0011$ 54 558.80231 $6.5441$ $0.0010$ 54 558.80231 $6.5451$ $0.0011$ 54 569.81078 $6.5451$ $0.0011$ 54 569.81078 $6.5445$ $0.0012$ 54 569.81078 $6.5445$ $0.0012$ 54 569.81078 $6.5444$ $0.0013$ 54 569.81078 $6.5547$ $0.0014$ 54 589.90932 $6.5508$ $0.0015$ 54 569.881078 $6.5547$ $0.0014$ 54 599.901964 $6.5$	54 314 691809	6 5446	0.0024
34 313,05331   0.3493   0.0016     54 316,054926   6.5536   0.0016     54 319,604048   6.5406   0.0011     54 320,616852   6.5416   0.0012     54 340,596942   6.5470   0.0010     54 343,530662   6.5491   0.0011     54 343,53062   6.5491   0.0013     54 343,569500   6.5431   0.0013     54 525,892144   6.5485   0.0011     54 525,892144   6.5485   0.0011     54 526,871196   6.5481   0.0010     54 527,897962   6.5443   0.0011     54 528,903672   6.5493   0.0010     54 550,901932   6.5415   0.0011     54 550,901932   6.5415   0.0011     54 551,868783   6.5444   0.0010     54 552,80221   6.5451   0.0011     54 552,80221   6.5451   0.0011     54 556,838936   6.5441   0.0010     54 557,804592   6.5451   0.0012     54 568,891702   6.5452   0.0012     54 568,891702   6.54545   0.0012	54 215 627551	6 5 4 0 2	0.0019
54 316.554926     6.5336     0.0016       54 319.604048     6.5406     0.0011       54 320.616852     6.5416     0.0012       54 340.596942     6.5470     0.0010       54 342.531820     6.5455     0.0011       54 343.530662     6.5491     0.0011       54 349.569500     6.5431     0.0013       54 522.88644     6.5464     0.0011       54 524.883089     6.5509     0.0012       54 525.892144     6.5485     0.0011       54 527.897962     6.5443     0.0011       54 528.903672     6.5429     0.0012       54 529.869217     6.5415     0.0011       54 550.901932     6.5415     0.0010       54 552.880221     6.5477     0.0010       54 552.880221     6.5477     0.0010       54 552.880221     6.5486     0.0010       54 552.880221     6.5486     0.0010       54 552.88022     6.5486     0.0010       54 552.88022     6.5486     0.0010       54 553.898808     6.5461     0.0010	54 515.05/551	0.3495	0.0018
54 319.604048   6.5406   0.0011     54 320.616852   6.5416   0.0012     54 340.596942   6.5470   0.0010     54 342.531820   6.5455   0.0011     54 343.530662   6.5491   0.0011     54 343.530662   6.5491   0.0013     54 342.531820   6.5465   0.0016     54 349.569500   6.5431   0.0013     54 522.88644   6.5464   0.0011     54 522.886444   6.5485   0.0011     54 525.892144   6.5485   0.0012     54 527.897962   6.5443   0.0010     54 528.903672   6.5474   0.0011     54 529.869217   6.5474   0.0011     54 550.901932   6.5415   0.0011     54 551.868783   6.5444   0.0010     54 552.80221   6.5477   0.0010     54 552.80221   6.5451   0.0011     54 555.870790   6.5451   0.0010     54 556.838936   6.5441   0.0010     54 563.89808   6.5461   0.0010     54 564.895759   6.5445   0.0012	54 316.554926	6.5536	0.0016
54 320.616852     6.5416     0.0012       54 340.596942     6.5470     0.0010       54 342.531820     6.5455     0.0011       54 343.530662     6.5491     0.0011       54 344.551084     6.5465     0.0011       54 349.569500     6.5431     0.0013       54 522.886464     6.5464     0.0011       54 522.880146     6.5481     0.0010       54 525.892144     6.5481     0.0011       54 528.903672     6.5443     0.0011       54 528.903672     6.5443     0.0011       54 528.903672     6.5443     0.0011       54 550.901932     6.5415     0.0011       54 551.868783     6.5444     0.0010       54 552.880221     6.5477     0.0010       54 552.880221     6.5477     0.0011       54 552.880221     6.5431     0.0011       54 552.880221     6.5441     0.0010       54 552.880221     6.5437     0.0011       54 552.880221     6.5437     0.0011       54 552.890705     6.5445     0.0010 </td <td>54 319.604048</td> <td>6.5406</td> <td>0.0011</td>	54 319.604048	6.5406	0.0011
54 340.596942     6.5470     0.0010       54 342.531820     6.5455     0.0010       54 342.531820     6.5455     0.0011       54 343.530662     6.5491     0.0013       54 349.569500     6.5431     0.0013       54 522.88644     6.5464     0.0011       54 522.88644     6.5481     0.0010       54 525.892144     6.5485     0.0011       54 528.80217     6.5474     0.0011       54 529.869217     6.5474     0.0010       54 550.901932     6.5415     0.0011       54 551.868783     6.5444     0.0010       54 552.80221     6.5477     0.0010       54 552.80221     6.5451     0.0011       54 555.870790     6.5451     0.0011       54 556.838936     6.5441     0.0010       54 557.804592     6.5437     0.0011       54 568.891702     6.5525     0.0012       54 569.881078     6.5445     0.0012       54 569.881078     6.5441     0.0013       54 570.870766     6.5461     0.0014	54 320.616852	6.5416	0.0012
54 $342.531820$ $6.5455$ $0.0010$ $54$ $343.530662$ $6.5491$ $0.0011$ $54$ $343.530662$ $6.5491$ $0.0011$ $54$ $349.569500$ $6.5431$ $0.0013$ $54$ $522.886464$ $6.5464$ $0.0011$ $54$ $522.886464$ $6.5464$ $0.0011$ $54$ $522.8802144$ $6.5485$ $0.0011$ $54$ $526.871196$ $6.5443$ $0.0010$ $54$ $527.897962$ $6.5443$ $0.0011$ $54$ $528.903672$ $6.5429$ $0.0012$ $54$ $529.869217$ $6.5474$ $0.0011$ $54$ $550.901932$ $6.5415$ $0.0011$ $54$ $550.901932$ $6.5415$ $0.0011$ $54$ $550.901932$ $6.5415$ $0.0011$ $54$ $552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0011$ $54$ $556.870790$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54$ $55.870790$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54$ $55.870790$ $6.5445$ $0.0012$ $54$ $568.89366$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54$ $568.891702$ $6.5474$ $0.0015$ $54$ $568.891702$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54$ $568.89178$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54$ $57.870766$ $6.5461$ $0.0014$ $54$ $587.919825$ $6.5480$ $0.0015$ $54$ $588.907751$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54$ $591.900611$ $6.5471$ $0.0014$ $54$ $591.900611$ <	54 340 506042	6 5 4 7 0	0.0010
54   342.53   6.5455   0.0010     54   343.530662   6.5491   0.0011     54   344.551084   6.5465   0.0016     54   349.569500   6.5431   0.0013     54   522.886464   6.5464   0.0011     54   522.8802144   6.5485   0.0011     54   525.892144   6.5483   0.0011     54   527.897962   6.5443   0.0011     54   528.903672   6.5429   0.0012     54   528.903672   6.5443   0.0010     54   528.903672   6.5443   0.0010     54   528.80221   6.5477   0.0010     54   552.880221   6.5477   0.0011     54   552.870790   6.5451   0.0011     54   556.838936   6.5441   0.0010     54   556.838936   6.5441   0.0010     54   563.89808   6.5461   0.0010     54   563.898088   6.5461   0.0012     54   568.891702   6.5525   0.0015 <t< td=""><td>54 242 521920</td><td>0.5470</td><td>0.0010</td></t<>	54 242 521920	0.5470	0.0010
54 343.530662   6.5491   0.0011     54 349.569500   6.5431   0.0013     54 522.886464   6.5464   0.0011     54 524.883089   6.5509   0.0012     54 524.883089   6.5509   0.0012     54 525.892144   6.5485   0.0011     54 526.871196   6.5481   0.0010     54 527.897962   6.5443   0.0011     54 528.903672   6.5493   0.0010     54 529.869217   6.5474   0.0011     54 550.901932   6.5415   0.0010     54 551.868783   6.5444   0.0010     54 552.880221   6.5477   0.0011     54 555.870790   6.5451   0.0011     54 555.870790   6.5441   0.0010     54 555.870790   6.5441   0.0010     54 556.88936   6.5461   0.0010     54 557.804592   6.5437   0.0011     54 562.905075   6.5486   0.0010     54 563.89808   6.5461   0.0012     54 564.895759   6.5445   0.0012     54 568.891702   6.5545   0.0015	54 542.551820	0.5455	0.0010
54 346.551084     6.5465     0.0016       54 349.569500     6.5431     0.0013       54 522.886464     6.5464     0.0011       54 522.8802144     6.5485     0.0011       54 525.892144     6.5485     0.0011       54 526.871196     6.5481     0.0011       54 528.903672     6.5429     0.0012       54 528.903672     6.5429     0.0011       54 528.903672     6.5443     0.0010       54 550.901932     6.5415     0.0011       54 551.868783     6.5444     0.0010       54 552.880221     6.5477     0.0010       54 552.880221     6.5441     0.0011       54 552.870790     6.5451     0.0011       54 552.870790     6.5486     0.0010       54 552.870790     6.5481     0.0010       54 552.890215     6.5486     0.0010       54 563.89808     6.5461     0.0010       54 563.89808     6.5461     0.0012       54 568.891702     6.5525     0.0015       54 568.90755     6.5460     0.0015 <td>54 343.530662</td> <td>6.5491</td> <td>0.0011</td>	54 343.530662	6.5491	0.0011
54 349.569500 $6.5431$ $0.0013$ $54$ 522.886464 $6.5464$ $0.0011$ $54$ 522.883089 $6.5509$ $0.0012$ $54$ 522.882144 $6.5485$ $0.0011$ $54$ 525.892144 $6.5485$ $0.0010$ $54$ 527.897962 $6.5443$ $0.0010$ $54$ 527.897962 $6.5443$ $0.0011$ $54$ 528.903672 $6.5429$ $0.0012$ $54$ 529.869217 $6.5474$ $0.0011$ $54$ 529.869217 $6.5474$ $0.0010$ $54$ 550.901932 $6.5415$ $0.0011$ $54$ 551.868783 $6.5444$ $0.0010$ $54$ 552.880221 $6.5477$ $0.0011$ $54$ 552.880221 $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54$ 555.870790 $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54$ 555.870790 $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54$ 556.838936 $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54$ 557.804592 $6.5437$ $0.0011$ $54$ 562.905075 $6.5486$ $0.0010$ $54$ 563.89808 $6.5461$ $0.0012$ $54$ 569.881078 $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54$ 569.881078 $6.5474$ $0.0015$ $54$ 569.881078 $6.5474$ $0.0015$ $54$ 569.881078 $6.5474$ $0.0014$ $54$ 570.870766 $6.5461$ $0.0015$ $54$ 588.999632 $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54$ 590.901964 $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54$ 610.878230 $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54$ 617.806576 $6.5542$ $0.0011$ $54$ 643.686730 $6.5519$ $0.0011$ $54$ 640.723804	54 346.551084	6.5465	0.0016
54522.88464 $6.5464$ $0.0011$ $54522.882144$ $6.5485$ $0.0012$ $54525.892144$ $6.5485$ $0.0011$ $54525.892144$ $6.5485$ $0.0011$ $54526.871196$ $6.5443$ $0.0011$ $54528.903672$ $6.5429$ $0.0012$ $54528.903672$ $6.5429$ $0.0011$ $54530.878876$ $6.5493$ $0.0010$ $54550.901932$ $6.5415$ $0.0011$ $54550.901932$ $6.5415$ $0.0011$ $54552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0010$ $54554.846366$ $6.5499$ $0.0012$ $54558.70790$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54556.389366$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54556.389366$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54556.389366$ $6.5461$ $0.0010$ $54563.89808$ $6.5461$ $0.0010$ $54563.89808$ $6.5461$ $0.0012$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $54569.881078$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54570.870766$ $6.5480$ $0.0016$ $54588.909632$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54588.909611$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54588.90991964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54610.87730$ $6.5542$ $0.0011$ $54610.87730$ $6.5542$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$	54 349.569500	6.5431	0.0013
54522.80464 $6.5404$ $0.0011$ $54525.892144$ $6.5485$ $0.0011$ $54525.892144$ $6.5485$ $0.0011$ $54525.89217$ $6.5429$ $0.0012$ $54529.8903672$ $6.5429$ $0.0011$ $54529.890217$ $6.5474$ $0.0011$ $54529.869217$ $6.5474$ $0.0011$ $54529.869217$ $6.5473$ $0.0011$ $54529.869217$ $6.5473$ $0.0011$ $54550.901932$ $6.54415$ $0.0011$ $54552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0010$ $54552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0010$ $54555.870790$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54556.838936$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54556.838936$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54562.905075$ $6.5486$ $0.0010$ $54563.89808$ $6.5461$ $0.0012$ $54563.89808$ $6.5445$ $0.0012$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $54569.881078$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54570.870766$ $6.5461$ $0.0014$ $5458.990632$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $5458.909632$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54593.919961$ $6.5445$ $0.0015$ $54610.878230$ $6.5542$ $0.0017$ $5461.864179$ $6.5543$ $0.0026$ $54639.867730$ $6.5519$ $0.0017$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ <	54 522 886464	6 5 4 6 4	0.0011
54524.83089 $6.5309$ $0.0012$ $54525.892144$ $6.5485$ $0.0011$ $54525.892146$ $6.5443$ $0.0011$ $54527.897962$ $6.5443$ $0.0011$ $54527.897962$ $6.5429$ $0.0012$ $54529.869217$ $6.5474$ $0.0011$ $54529.869217$ $6.5474$ $0.0011$ $54529.869217$ $6.5474$ $0.0011$ $545529.869217$ $6.5474$ $0.0011$ $545529.869217$ $6.5474$ $0.0010$ $54552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0010$ $54552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0010$ $54555.870790$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $5456.838936$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54557.804592$ $6.5437$ $0.0011$ $5456.838936$ $6.5461$ $0.0010$ $5456.83891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0012$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0012$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $5459.81078$ $6.5461$ $0.0014$ $5458.993324$ $6.5461$ $0.0014$ $5458.990632$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54591.900611$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54593.807751$ $6.5542$ $0.0011$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $5461.8664475$ $6.5543$ $0.0017$ $54618.86170$ $6.5543$ $0.0012$ $54640.723804$ $6.5543$ $0.0013$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54642.676950$ $6.5492$ $0.0011$ <	54 524 992090	0.5404	0.0011
54525.892144 $6.5485$ $0.0011$ $54526.871196$ $6.5481$ $0.0010$ $54527.897962$ $6.5443$ $0.0011$ $54528.903672$ $6.5429$ $0.0012$ $54529.869217$ $6.5474$ $0.0011$ $54529.869217$ $6.5474$ $0.0011$ $54529.869217$ $6.5474$ $0.0010$ $54550.901932$ $6.5415$ $0.0011$ $54551.868783$ $6.5444$ $0.0010$ $54552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0011$ $54552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0011$ $54552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0011$ $54552.880221$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54552.880221$ $6.5441$ $0.0011$ $54556.838936$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54557.804592$ $6.5437$ $0.0011$ $54562.905075$ $6.5486$ $0.0010$ $54563.898808$ $6.5461$ $0.0010$ $54563.898808$ $6.5461$ $0.0012$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $54568.891702$ $6.5445$ $0.0011$ $54569.881078$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54570.870766$ $6.5460$ $0.0015$ $54588.909632$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54588.909632$ $6.5508$ $0.0011$ $54593.919961$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54617.80276$ $6.5542$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ </td <td>54 524.883089</td> <td>0.5509</td> <td>0.0012</td>	54 524.883089	0.5509	0.0012
54526.871196 $6.5481$ $0.0010$ $54527.897962$ $6.5443$ $0.0011$ $54528.903672$ $6.5429$ $0.0012$ $54529.869217$ $6.5474$ $0.0011$ $54529.869217$ $6.5474$ $0.0011$ $54529.869217$ $6.5474$ $0.0011$ $54550.901932$ $6.5415$ $0.0011$ $54550.901932$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54555.870790$ $6.5441$ $0.0011$ $54556.838936$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54556.838936$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54556.838936$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54563.898808$ $6.5461$ $0.0010$ $54563.898808$ $6.5461$ $0.0010$ $54563.898808$ $6.5461$ $0.0012$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $54569.881078$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54570.870766$ $6.5460$ $0.0015$ $54588.90632$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54589.90632$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $5459.891751$ $6.5445$ $0.0011$ $54593.919961$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $5461.864475$ $6.5542$ $0.0017$ $5461.8647730$ $6.5542$ $0.0017$ $5461.8647730$ $6.5542$ $0.0017$ $5461.8647730$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54641.766956$ $6.5542$ $0.0011$	54 525.892144	6.5485	0.0011
54527.897962 $6.5443$ $0.0011$ $54528.903672$ $6.5429$ $0.0012$ $54529.869217$ $6.5474$ $0.0011$ $54529.869217$ $6.5474$ $0.0011$ $54530.878876$ $6.5493$ $0.0010$ $54550.901932$ $6.5415$ $0.0011$ $54552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0010$ $54552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0010$ $54552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0011$ $54552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0011$ $54558.870790$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54558.89126$ $6.5437$ $0.0011$ $54568.89366$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54568.891702$ $6.5437$ $0.0012$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0016$ $5458.990632$ $6.5508$ $0.0016$ $54587.919825$ $6.54460$ $0.0015$ $54588.909632$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54593.919961$ $6.5445$ $0.0011$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54611.856581$ $6.5542$ $0.0017$ $54618.664475$ $6.5543$ $0.0012$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5543$ $0.0012$ $54644.730210$ $6.5513$ $0.0012$ $54644.760556$ $6.5440$ $0.0013$ <td>54 526.871196</td> <td>6.5481</td> <td>0.0010</td>	54 526.871196	6.5481	0.0010
54 528.9036726.54290.001254 529.8692176.54740.001154 530.8788766.54930.001054 550.9019326.54150.001154 551.8687836.54440.001054 552.8802216.54770.001054 552.8802216.54770.001154 555.8707906.54510.001154 555.8707906.54510.001154 555.8707906.54510.001054 556.8389366.54410.001054 556.8389366.54410.001054 562.9050756.54860.001054 563.898086.54610.001154 564.897596.54450.001254 569.8810786.54740.001354 569.8810786.54740.001454 570.8707666.54610.001454 589.990326.55080.001554 589.99019646.55170.001454 591.9006116.54710.001454 593.9199616.54450.001154 610.8782306.55750.001454 617.8065766.55420.001754 618.6644756.55430.002654 639.8677306.55190.001354 640.7238046.55450.001154 643.6861306.54310.001254 644.7302446.54610.001354 647.6302106.55130.001254 644.7605566.54920.001154 644.7605666.54930.001354 644.7605666.54930.001354 644.760566	54 527 897962	6.5443	0.0011
54.529.869217 $6.5474$ $0.0011$ $54.529.869217$ $6.5474$ $0.0010$ $54.550.901932$ $6.5415$ $0.0010$ $54.550.901932$ $6.5415$ $0.0010$ $54.550.901932$ $6.5415$ $0.0010$ $54.551.868783$ $6.5444$ $0.0010$ $54.552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0010$ $54.552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0011$ $54.552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0011$ $54.552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0011$ $54.552.880221$ $6.5437$ $0.0011$ $54.552.870790$ $6.5486$ $0.0010$ $54.552.905075$ $6.5486$ $0.0010$ $54.563.898808$ $6.5461$ $0.0010$ $54.563.898808$ $6.5461$ $0.0012$ $54.563.8981078$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54.569.881078$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54.570.870766$ $6.5460$ $0.0015$ $54.588.909632$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54.588.909632$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54.588.909632$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54.593.919961$ $6.5445$ $0.0011$ $54.610.872304$ $6.5542$ $0.0011$ $54.618.864475$ $6.5542$ $0.0011$ $54.640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54.640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54.641.766933$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ $54.642.676950$ $6.5492$ $0.0011$ $54.644.639658$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ $54.642.676950$ $6.5486$ $0.0013$ $54.642.676950$ <td>54 528 003672</td> <td>6 5/20</td> <td>0.0012</td>	54 528 003672	6 5/20	0.0012
54529.509217 $6.5474$ $0.0011$ $54530.878876$ $6.5493$ $0.0010$ $54550.901932$ $6.5415$ $0.0011$ $54551.868783$ $6.5444$ $0.0010$ $54552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0011$ $54552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0011$ $54555.870790$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54555.870790$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54556.838936$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54562.905075$ $6.5486$ $0.0010$ $54563.898808$ $6.5461$ $0.0010$ $54564.895759$ $6.5445$ $0.0012$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $54569.881078$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54570.870766$ $6.5461$ $0.0014$ $5458.990632$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54589.990632$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54593.919961$ $6.5445$ $0.0011$ $54593.919961$ $6.5445$ $0.0011$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54610.878230$ $6.5542$ $0.0017$ $54618.664475$ $6.5543$ $0.0026$ $54639.867730$ $6.5519$ $0.0013$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5543$ $0.0012$ $54644.730214$ $6.5543$ $0.0013$ $54644.760556$ $6.5440$ $0.0013$ </td <td>54 520.903072</td> <td>0.5429</td> <td>0.0012</td>	54 520.903072	0.5429	0.0012
54530.878876 $6.5493$ $0.0010$ $54550.901932$ $6.5415$ $0.0011$ $54551.868783$ $6.5444$ $0.0010$ $54551.868783$ $6.54477$ $0.0010$ $54552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0011$ $54552.880221$ $6.5499$ $0.0012$ $54555.870790$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54555.870790$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54556.838936$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54556.838936$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54562.905075$ $6.5486$ $0.0010$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0012$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0012$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0013$ $54590.81078$ $6.5474$ $0.0014$ $5458.991702$ $6.5461$ $0.0014$ $5458.990632$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54591.900611$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54592.897751$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54610.864475$ $6.5543$ $0.0026$ $54639.867730$ $6.5519$ $0.0015$ $54639.867730$ $6.5519$ $0.0013$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5543$ $0.0012$ $54644.7360576$ $6.5543$ $0.0013$ $54647.660588$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ </td <td>54 529.869217</td> <td>0.54/4</td> <td>0.0011</td>	54 529.869217	0.54/4	0.0011
54550.901932 $6.5415$ $0.0011$ $54551.868783$ $6.5444$ $0.0010$ $54551.868783$ $6.5477$ $0.0010$ $54552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0011$ $54552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0011$ $54552.880221$ $6.5471$ $0.0011$ $54552.870790$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54555.870790$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54555.870790$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54556.838936$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54562.905075$ $6.5486$ $0.0010$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0012$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $54569.881078$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54570.870766$ $6.5461$ $0.0014$ $5458.933324$ $6.5480$ $0.0016$ $5458.909632$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54588.909632$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54591.900611$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54610.87730$ $6.5519$ $0.0015$ $54640.723804$ $6.5542$ $0.0017$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5543$ $0.0012$ $54640.7630210$ $6.5513$ $0.0012$ $54640.76358$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ <td>54 530.878876</td> <td>6.5493</td> <td>0.0010</td>	54 530.878876	6.5493	0.0010
54551.868783 $6.5444$ $0.0010$ $54552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0010$ $54552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0011$ $54552.8807090$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54555.870790$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54556.838936$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $5455.870790$ $6.5486$ $0.0010$ $54556.838936$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54563.898808$ $6.5461$ $0.0010$ $54563.898808$ $6.5461$ $0.0012$ $54563.898808$ $6.5461$ $0.0012$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $54569.881078$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54570.870766$ $6.5460$ $0.0016$ $54587.919825$ $6.5460$ $0.0015$ $54588.909632$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54588.909632$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54592.897751$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54610.872306$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54611.856581$ $6.5542$ $0.0011$ $54618.664475$ $6.5542$ $0.0017$ $54618.664756$ $6.5542$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54646.639658$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ $54647.630210$ $6.5513$ $0.0012$ $54646.639658$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ $54667.605214$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54664.766558$ $6.5472$ $0.0013$ $54664.766558$ $6.5472$ $0.0013$ <	54 550.901932	6.5415	0.0011
54552.880221 $6.5477$ $0.0010$ $54552.880221$ $6.5477$ $0.0011$ $54555.870790$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54555.870790$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54555.870790$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54555.870790$ $6.5451$ $0.0010$ $54555.870790$ $6.5437$ $0.0011$ $54562.905075$ $6.5436$ $0.0010$ $54563.898808$ $6.5461$ $0.0010$ $54564.895759$ $6.5445$ $0.0012$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $54569.881078$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54570.870766$ $6.5461$ $0.0014$ $5458.999632$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54590.901964$ $6.5575$ $0.0011$ $54590.901964$ $6.5575$ $0.0011$ $54593.919961$ $6.5445$ $0.0011$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54610.878230$ $6.5542$ $0.0017$ $54618.66475$ $6.5543$ $0.0026$ $54639.867730$ $6.5519$ $0.0013$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54641.766933$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ $54644.732044$ $6.5546$ $0.0013$ $54644.732044$ $6.5546$ $0.0013$ $54644.760556$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ <td>54 551 868783</td> <td>6 5444</td> <td>0.0010</td>	54 551 868783	6 5444	0.0010
54552.80221 $6.5471$ $0.0010$ $54552.80221$ $6.5471$ $0.0011$ $54555.870790$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54555.870790$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54555.870790$ $6.5437$ $0.0011$ $54555.870790$ $6.5437$ $0.0011$ $54562.905075$ $6.5486$ $0.0010$ $54563.89808$ $6.5461$ $0.0010$ $54563.89808$ $6.5461$ $0.0012$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $54569.881078$ $6.5474$ $0.0014$ $54569.881078$ $6.5474$ $0.0016$ $54570.870766$ $6.5461$ $0.0016$ $54583.933324$ $6.5480$ $0.0016$ $54583.990632$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54591.900611$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54610.878230$ $6.5519$ $0.0017$ $54618.664475$ $6.5542$ $0.0017$ $54618.664475$ $6.5543$ $0.0026$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5543$ $0.0012$ $54644.730210$ $6.5513$ $0.0012$ $54647.630210$ $6.5513$ $0.0012$ $54647.630214$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54661.760056$ $6.5493$ $0.0013$	54 552 880221	6 5 4 7 7	0.0010
54534.840366 $6.3499$ $0.0012$ $54555.870790$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54555.870790$ $6.5451$ $0.0010$ $54555.870790$ $6.5437$ $0.0011$ $54556.838936$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54557.804592$ $6.5437$ $0.0011$ $54562.905075$ $6.5486$ $0.0010$ $54563.898808$ $6.5461$ $0.0012$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0016$ $54570.870766$ $6.5461$ $0.0014$ $54583.933324$ $6.5460$ $0.0015$ $54588.909632$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54588.909632$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54591.900611$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54610.878230$ $6.5542$ $0.0017$ $54618.664475$ $6.5542$ $0.0017$ $54618.664475$ $6.5543$ $0.0026$ $54639.867730$ $6.5519$ $0.0013$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54646.639658$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ $54646.639658$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ $54646.639658$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ $54646.639658$ $6.5440$ $0.0013$ $54661.76056$ $6.5493$ $0.0013$ $54664.766558$ $6.5472$ $0.0021$ $54647.650214$ $6.5464$ $0.0013$ </td <td>54 554 94(2)(</td> <td>0.5477</td> <td>0.0010</td>	54 554 94(2)(	0.5477	0.0010
54555.870790 $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54556.838936$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54557.804592$ $6.5437$ $0.0011$ $54556.838936$ $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54557.804592$ $6.5437$ $0.0011$ $54563.898808$ $6.5461$ $0.0010$ $54563.898808$ $6.5461$ $0.0012$ $54563.89880759$ $6.5445$ $0.0012$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $54569.881078$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54570.870766$ $6.5461$ $0.0014$ $5458.999632$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54589.990632$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54589.990632$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0011$ $54593.919961$ $6.5445$ $0.0011$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54611.856581$ $6.5542$ $0.0010$ $54618.66475$ $6.5542$ $0.0017$ $54618.66475$ $6.5543$ $0.0026$ $54639.867730$ $6.5519$ $0.0013$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54641.766933$ $6.5526$ $0.0011$ $54646.639658$ $6.5526$ $0.0011$ $54646.639658$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ $54647.630210$ $6.5486$ $0.0013$ $54664.760556$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54664.760558$ $6.5472$ $0.0013$ $54664.766558$ $6.5472$ $0.0013$ $54664.766558$ $6.5472$ $0.0013$ </td <td>54 554.846366</td> <td>6.5499</td> <td>0.0012</td>	54 554.846366	6.5499	0.0012
54556.838936 $6.5441$ $0.0010$ $54557.804592$ $6.5437$ $0.0011$ $54557.804592$ $6.5437$ $0.0010$ $54562.905075$ $6.5486$ $0.0010$ $54563.898808$ $6.5461$ $0.0012$ $54563.898759$ $6.5445$ $0.0012$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0013$ $54570.870766$ $6.5461$ $0.0014$ $54583.933324$ $6.5480$ $0.0016$ $54587.919825$ $6.5460$ $0.0015$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0011$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0011$ $54593.919961$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54611.856581$ $6.5542$ $0.0010$ $54616.841719$ $6.5519$ $0.0015$ $54639.867730$ $6.5519$ $0.0017$ $54618.664475$ $6.5543$ $0.0026$ $54639.867730$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54642.676950$ $6.5492$ $0.0011$ $54644.732044$ $6.5546$ $0.0012$ $54647.630518$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ $54647.6305214$ $6.5513$ $0.0012$ $54647.630548$ $6.5440$ $0.0013$ $54661.76056$ $6.5472$ $0.0021$ <	54 555.870790	6.5451	0.0011
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	54 556.838936	6.5441	0.0010
54562.905075 $6.5486$ $0.0010$ $54562.905075$ $6.5486$ $0.0010$ $54563.898808$ $6.5461$ $0.0012$ $54563.8981078$ $6.5445$ $0.0012$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $54569.881078$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54570.870766$ $6.5461$ $0.0014$ $54583.933324$ $6.5460$ $0.0015$ $54588.909632$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54588.909632$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54588.909632$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54592.897751$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54611.85681$ $6.5542$ $0.0010$ $54618.664475$ $6.5542$ $0.0017$ $54618.664475$ $6.5543$ $0.0026$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54642.676950$ $6.5492$ $0.0011$ $54644.732044$ $6.55461$ $0.0012$ $54646.639658$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ $54646.639658$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ $54664.639658$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ $54666.630214$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54664.766558$ $6.5472$ $0.0013$ $54664.766558$ $6.5472$ $0.0021$ $54664.766558$ $6.5472$ $0.0013$ $54666.774513$ $6.5464$ $0.0013$ $54666.83607$ $6.5478$ $0.0013$ $54667.74513$ $6.5478$ $0.0013$ </td <td>54 557 804592</td> <td>6 5437</td> <td>0.0011</td>	54 557 804592	6 5437	0.0011
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	54 562 905075	6 5 4 8 6	0.0010
54565.898808 $6.5461$ $0.0010$ $54565.898759$ $6.5445$ $0.0012$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $54569.881078$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54570.870766$ $6.5461$ $0.0014$ $54583.933324$ $6.5480$ $0.0016$ $54587.919825$ $6.5460$ $0.0015$ $54589.909632$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54591.900611$ $6.5471$ $0.0014$ $54592.897751$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54593.919961$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54610.878230$ $6.5542$ $0.0010$ $54618.664475$ $6.5542$ $0.0017$ $54618.664475$ $6.5543$ $0.0026$ $54639.867730$ $6.5519$ $0.0013$ $54642.676950$ $6.5492$ $0.0011$ $54647.630210$ $6.5513$ $0.0012$ $54647.630214$ $6.5543$ $0.0014$ $54661.760056$ $6.5493$ $0.0013$ $54664.766558$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54664.766558$ $6.5472$ $0.0013$ $54664.766558$ $6.5472$ $0.0013$ $54666.774513$ $6.5478$ $0.0013$ $54666.83607$ $6.5478$ $0.0013$ $54666.83607$ $6.5478$ $0.0013$ $54667.8467$ $6.5543$ $0.0013$	54 562 909000	0.5460	0.0010
54564.895759 $6.5445$ $0.0012$ $54568.891702$ $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $54569.881078$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54570.870766$ $6.5461$ $0.0014$ $54583.933324$ $6.5480$ $0.0016$ $54587.919825$ $6.5460$ $0.0015$ $54589.909632$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54589.9091964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54591.900611$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54592.897751$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54616.841719$ $6.5531$ $0.0014$ $54616.841719$ $6.5542$ $0.0017$ $54616.841719$ $6.5543$ $0.0026$ $54639.867730$ $6.5519$ $0.0013$ $54642.676950$ $6.5492$ $0.0011$ $54643.723804$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54644.732044$ $6.5461$ $0.0012$ $54644.732044$ $6.5461$ $0.0012$ $54646.639658$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ $54665.0838$ $6.5440$ $0.0013$ $54661.76056$ $6.5493$ $0.0013$ $54661.76056$ $6.5493$ $0.0013$ $54662.664144$ $6.5505$ $0.0014$ $54664.766558$ $6.5472$ $0.0021$ $54666.774513$ $6.5478$ $0.0013$ $54666.83607$ $6.5478$ $0.0013$ $54666.83607$ $6.5478$ $0.0013$ $54667.85676$ $6.5543$ $0.0013$ </td <td>54 563.898808</td> <td>6.5461</td> <td>0.0010</td>	54 563.898808	6.5461	0.0010
54568.891702 $6.5525$ $0.0015$ $54569.881078$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54570.870766$ $6.5461$ $0.0014$ $54583.933324$ $6.5460$ $0.0016$ $54583.933324$ $6.5480$ $0.0015$ $54588.909632$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54588.909632$ $6.5508$ $0.0014$ $54589.909632$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54592.897751$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54593.919961$ $6.5445$ $0.0011$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54611.856581$ $6.5542$ $0.0010$ $54616.841719$ $6.5542$ $0.0017$ $54618.664475$ $6.5543$ $0.0026$ $54639.867730$ $6.5519$ $0.0013$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54642.676950$ $6.5422$ $0.0011$ $54644.732044$ $6.5461$ $0.0012$ $54646.639658$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ $54646.639658$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ $54646.639658$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ $54661.760056$ $6.5493$ $0.0013$ $54661.760056$ $6.5493$ $0.0013$ $54661.760556$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54664.766558$ $6.5472$ $0.0021$ $54664.766558$ $6.5472$ $0.0021$ $54664.766558$ $6.5472$ $0.0021$ $54666.83607$ $6.5478$ $0.0013$ $54666.83607$ $6.5478$ $0.0013$ $54667.74513$ $6.5478$ $0.0013$ <td>54 564.895759</td> <td>6.5445</td> <td>0.0012</td>	54 564.895759	6.5445	0.0012
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	54 568.891702	6.5525	0.0015
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	54 569 881078	6 5474	0.0013
54570.870760 $6.5461$ $0.0014$ $54583.933324$ $6.5480$ $0.0016$ $54583.933324$ $6.5460$ $0.0015$ $54588.909632$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54588.909632$ $6.5508$ $0.0014$ $54589.9091964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54591.900611$ $6.5471$ $0.0014$ $54592.897751$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54616.841719$ $6.5531$ $0.0016$ $54616.841719$ $6.5531$ $0.0017$ $54618.664475$ $6.5542$ $0.0017$ $54618.664475$ $6.5543$ $0.0026$ $54639.867730$ $6.5519$ $0.0013$ $54642.676950$ $6.5492$ $0.0011$ $54643.686130$ $6.5441$ $0.0012$ $54644.732044$ $6.5461$ $0.0012$ $54646.639658$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ $54666.650214$ $6.5474$ $0.0013$ $54661.76056$ $6.5493$ $0.0013$ $54662.664144$ $6.5505$ $0.0014$ $54664.766558$ $6.5472$ $0.0021$ $54664.766558$ $6.5472$ $0.0013$ $54664.766558$ $6.5472$ $0.0021$ $54666.83607$ $6.5478$ $0.0013$ $54666.83607$ $6.5478$ $0.0013$ $54674.576462$ $6.5543$ $0.0018$	54 570 870766	6 5 4 6 1	0.0013
54583.93324 $6.5480$ $0.0016$ $54587.919825$ $6.5460$ $0.0015$ $54587.919825$ $6.5508$ $0.0015$ $54589.909632$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54590.901964$ $6.5517$ $0.0014$ $54592.897751$ $6.5451$ $0.0011$ $54593.919961$ $6.5471$ $0.0014$ $54610.878230$ $6.5575$ $0.0014$ $54611.856581$ $6.5542$ $0.0010$ $54616.841719$ $6.5531$ $0.0014$ $54618.664475$ $6.5542$ $0.0017$ $54618.664475$ $6.5543$ $0.0026$ $54639.867730$ $6.5519$ $0.0013$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54640.723804$ $6.5545$ $0.0011$ $54642.676950$ $6.5422$ $0.0011$ $54644.732044$ $6.5461$ $0.0012$ $54644.732044$ $6.5546$ $0.0012$ $54646.639658$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ $54646.639658$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ $54664.639658$ $6.5526$ $0.0014$ $54661.760056$ $6.5493$ $0.0013$ $54662.664144$ $6.5505$ $0.0014$ $54663.784376$ $6.5464$ $0.0013$ $54664.766558$ $6.5472$ $0.0021$ $54666.774513$ $6.5478$ $0.0013$ $54666.83607$ $6.5478$ $0.0013$ $54667.6462$ $6.5543$ $0.0018$	54 570.870700	0.5401	0.0014
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	54 583.933324	6.5480	0.0016
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	54 587.919825	6.5460	0.0015
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	54 588.909632	6.5508	0.0015
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	54 590 901964	6 5517	0.0014
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	54 501 000611	6 5 4 7 1	0.0014
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	54 591.900011	0.34/1	0.0014
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	54 592.897751	6.5451	0.0011
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	54 593.919961	6.5445	0.0011
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	54 610.878230	6.5575	0.0014
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	54 611 856581	6 5542	0.0010
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5/616 0/1710	6 5521	0.0014
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	54 (17 00) 77	0.5551	0.0014
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	54 61 / .8065 / 6	6.5542	0.0017
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	54 618.664475	6.5543	0.0026
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	54 639.867730	6.5519	0.0015
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	54 640 723804	6 5545	0.0011
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	54 641 766022	6 5504	0.0012
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	54 642 67655	0.5504	0.0013
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	54 642.676950	6.5492	0.0011
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	54 643.686130	6.5431	0.0012
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	54 644.732044	6.5461	0.0010
54 647.630210     6.5513     0.0014       54 647.630210     6.5513     0.0012       54 647.630210     6.5413     0.0012       54 648.657090     6.5486     0.0014       54 658.650838     6.5440     0.0014       54 660.650214     6.5474     0.0015       54 661.760056     6.5493     0.0013       54 662.664144     6.5505     0.0014       54 663.784376     6.5464     0.0013       54 664.766558     6.5472     0.0021       54 665.774513     6.5446     0.0013       54 666.683607     6.5478     0.0013       54 6674.576462     6.5543     0.0018	54 646 639658	6 5526	0.0014
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	51 617 620210	6 5510	0.0014
54 648.657090     6.5486     0.0014       54 658.650838     6.5440     0.0014       54 660.650214     6.5474     0.0015       54 661.760056     6.5493     0.0013       54 662.664144     6.5505     0.0014       54 663.784376     6.5464     0.0013       54 664.766558     6.5472     0.0021       54 665.774513     6.5446     0.0013       54 666.83607     6.5478     0.0013       54 6674.576462     6.5543     0.0018	54 647.630210	0.5515	0.0012
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	54 648.657090	6.5486	0.0014
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	54 658.650838	6.5440	0.0014
54 661.760056     6.5493     0.0013       54 662.664144     6.5505     0.0014       54 663.784376     6.5464     0.0013       54 664.766558     6.5472     0.0021       54 665.774513     6.5446     0.0013       54 666.683607     6.5478     0.0013       54 6674.576462     6.5543     0.0013	54 660.650214	6.5474	0.0015
54 662.664144     6.5505     0.0013       54 662.664144     6.5505     0.0014       54 663.784376     6.5464     0.0013       54 664.766558     6.5472     0.0021       54 665.774513     6.5446     0.0013       54 666.683607     6.5478     0.0013       54 6674.576462     6.5543     0.0018	54 661 760056	6 5/03	0.0013
54 002.004144     0.5005     0.0014       54 663.784376     6.5464     0.0013       54 664.766558     6.5472     0.0021       54 665.774513     6.5446     0.0013       54 666.683607     6.5478     0.0013       54 6674.576462     6.5543     0.0018	54662664144	0.5495	0.0013
54 663.784376     6.5464     0.0013       54 664.766558     6.5472     0.0021       54 665.774513     6.5446     0.0013       54 666.683607     6.5478     0.0013       54 664.756462     6.5543     0.0018	34 002.004144	0.5505	0.0014
54 664.766558     6.5472     0.0021       54 665.774513     6.5446     0.0013       54 666.683607     6.5478     0.0013       54 674.576462     6.5543     0.0018	54 663.784376	6.5464	0.0013
54 665.774513     6.5446     0.0013       54 666.683607     6.5478     0.0013       54 674.576462     6.5543     0.0018	54 664.766558	6.5472	0.0021
54 666.683607     6.5478     0.0013       54 674.576462     6.5543     0.0018	54 665 774513	6.5446	0.0013
54 674.576462     6.5543     0.0018	54 666 683607	6 5/78	0.0013
54 6 / 4.5 / 6462 6.5543 0.0018	54 (74 57(4(2	0.54/8	0.0015
	54 0 / 4.5 / 6462	0.3343	0.0018

JD-2 400 000	RV	Uncertainty
	$[\text{km s}^{-1}]$	[km s <sup>-1</sup> ]
54 677.663487	6.5568	0.0031
54 679.572671	6.5473	0.0018
54 681.573996	6.5514	0.0015
54 701.523392	6.5480	0.0012
54 708.564794	6.5466	0.0013
54 733.487290	6.5577	0.0039
54 735.499425	6.5452	0.0016
54 736.550865	6.5427	0.0015
54 746.485935	6.5425	0.0010
54 992.721062	6.5557	0.0011
54 995.741739	6.5482	0.0013
54 998.708975	6.5522	0.0015
55 053.694541	6.5438	0.0015
55 276.882590	6.5499	0.0013
55 278.827303	6.5492	0.0013
55 280.854800	6.5518	0.0014
55 283.868014	6.5482	0.0011
55 287.860052	6.5533	0.0011
55 294.882720	6.5553	0.0011
55 295.754277	6.5561	0.0014
55 297.805750	6.5516	0.0012
55 298.813775	6.5508	0.0011
55 299.785905	6.5525	0.0024
55 300.876852	6.5537	0.0012
55 301.896438	6.5562	0.0017
55 323.705436	6.5573	0.0013
55 326.717047	6.5487	0.0017
55 328.702599	6.5501	0.0015
55 335.651717	6.5510	0.0016
55 337.704618	6.5546	0.0017
55 338.649293	6.5619	0.0027
55 339.713716	6.5531	0.0019
55 341.789626	6.5478	0.0012
55 342.720036	6.5540	0.0016
55 349.682257	6.5528	0.0014
55 352.601155	6.5622	0.0017
55 354.642822	6.5560	0.0011
55 355.576777	6.5531	0.0014
55 358.754723	6.5578	0.0017
55 359.599377	6.5548	0.0014
55 673.791183	6.5533	0.0015
55 777.715412	6.5629	0.0020
55 779.530103	6.5596	0.0013
55 809.547632	6.5539	0.0012
55 815.538689	6.5502	0.0012